# THE NAPANEE EXPRESS.

Vol. LXI[illegible] E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, MARCH 14th, 1922.



## DOXSEE & CO.

Are having their first showing of Spring Millinery.

**WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15TH**

In this Department will be found all that is new in Spring Millinery for the coming season. Shapes are of Soft Straw, Visca Cloth, Hair Cloth, Cire Satin, and Taffetta. Trimmed with pompoms, quills, smart mounts, flowers and fruits. The color range includes Black, Sand, Navy, Brown, Periwinkle, and all shades of Blue.

**BLOUSES**

In Crepe-de-Chene and Georgette, at HALF PRICE.

**NECKWEAR**

See our new Spring Collar and Cuff Setts.

**CORSETS A SPECIALTY**

**The Leading Millinery House**

## SAP BUCKETS

Spiles. Sap Pans.

**INTERNATIONAL GROFAST CALF MEAL**

**Stewart Horse Clippers**

**Dairy Pails and Strainer Pails**

## DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

**DO NOT--Send Your Cash Out of Town for Fencing !**

I am prepared to meet any mail order price and excel it in quality.

**Maple Cord Wood at $10 per Cord**

at Dennis O'Connors. See him.

Hay, Grain and Seeds bought and sold. Car lots delivered at any station.

A car of Golden Rain and Banner Seed Oats here now. Get some of them.

**FRED. A. PERRY,**

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

## FREE KINDLING WOOD !

For a few days only we will deliver a bag of kindling wood FREE with each half cord of dry

**HARD, MIXED OR SOFT CUT STOVE WOOD**

Just what you need in the early morning when your coal fire is low.

Our wood is dry, and we give good measure.

**CHAS. STEVENS CO'Y. LIMITED**

OFFICE :

Opposite Bell Telephone Co.

'Phone 104.

**Special Offer ! !**

Famous Cadillac Electric Vacuum Cleaner, light, compact, effective. Your choice of cleaner with attachments, or a set of Limoges China (32 pieces) at former price of cleaner alone. Let us demonstrate for you.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Send your mail orders to WALLACE'S Drug Store—they will receive attention immediately.

**Financial Information**

AS an institution with first hand knowledge of financial markets at home and abroad, and with Managers of broad experience and unbiased judgement, this Bank is in a position to render invaluable information on investment and other money matters to patrons.

*STANDARD SERVICE is Comprehensive Financial Service.*

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER EIGHTY-THREE MILLIONS

Napanee Branch, - - - R. R. White, Manager

Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Desoronto, Marysville, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton, Kingston and Melrose.


### IN MEMORIAM

When I think of the towel—the
old-fashioned towel—
That used to hang up by the
printing house door,
I think that nobody in these days
of shoddy
Could hammer out iron to wear
as it wore.

The comp. who first used it, the
tramp who abused it,
The devil who used it, when these
two were done :
The make-up the foreman, the
editor (poor man).
Each rubbed some grime off, while
they put a heap on.

In over and under, 'twas blacker
than thunder,
'Twas harder than poverty,
rougher than sin ;
From the roller suspended it
never was bended
But flapped on the wall like a
banner of tin.

It grew thicker and tougher,
harder and rougher,
And daily put on a more inkier
hue,
Until one windy morning, without
any warning,
It fell on the floor and was broken in two.

### TAMWORTH.

The remains of the late Richard Coulter were brought home last week and placed in the vault. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Smart, Tweed. Mrs. Taylor and son, James, Ottawa, and the family of Tweed, attended the funeral.

The choir of the Methodist church gave an "at home" in the township hall last Wednesday night.

Miss Turner, the missionary of South America, gave a very impressive sermon in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening last.

The rain of Monday and Tuesday last flooded streets and cellars.

Wm. Lacey, Jr., died on Sunday last. The funeral was held at the Roman Catholic church on Tuesday last.

### MOSCOW.

On Monday, March 6th, the death occurred of Amanda Simmons, wife of Charles Darling, Moscow. Deceased had been in failing health for the past three years, but it was not until Sunday evening that her illness became serious. She was surrounded by her family and all was done that loving hands could do, but she passed away early Monday morning. Mrs. Darling was an adherent of the Methodist church for many years. Besides her husband there are left to mourn the loss of a kind and loving mother, one son, Fred A., and one daughter, Mrs. A. German, both of Moscow ; seven grandchildren and two brothers. The funeral services were conducted from her late home by Rev. Mr. Bown, Yarker, who visited the deceased regularly until her death.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Truman, Yarker, spent Sunday last at R. Dillenbeck's.

Miss Brenda McTear spent the week-end at her home in Bath.

Miss Florence Huffman spent the week-end at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Noble Ellerbeck and Miss Velma spent the week-end at R. Ellerbeck's.

Miss Ruth Lampkin is at her home here.

Mrs. Robert Freeman visited her parents recently.

Roy Lampkin spent a few days at Collins' Bay.

Miss Leila Ritchie spent Sunday last at R. Brooks'.

Mrs. George Scott, Strathcona, spent a few days at her home here.

The many friends of Miss Lucia McTear are glad to know she is recovering from her recent illness.

Mrs. Annie Herrington is at Verona.

Miss Belle Woodruff at W. Burns'.

### AUCTION SALE

There will be offered for sale by public auction, at Anderson's garage, Dundas street, Napanee, on

**SATURDAY, APRIL 1st, 1922**

at 1 o'clock sharp

1 phaeton, 1 buggy, good as new ; 3 mares, 1 heavy set of double harness, 1 set of light double harness, 1 set of heavy truck harness, 2 sets single harness, 2 sets of sleighs, 1 cutter, blankets and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—$10.00 and under, cash ; over that amount 6 months' credit by furnishing Joint Approved Notes bearing interest at 7 per cent.

C. A. ANDERSON & SON,
Proprietors.

H. W. GALLAGHER,
Auctioneer. 15-c

### WILTON

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church met at the home of Mrs. Earl Peart. A business meeting was held and the election of officers took place.

Miss Turner, missionary gave an address in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening.

J. E. Miller, Eldridge Babcock, Blake Switzer and Shelley Denyes, Odessa, attended the Masonic banquet held in Napanee the other Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Baker, of Moscow, were guests at the home of Guy Simmons on a recent Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sanderson, Yarker, spent a day at the home of Mrs. Frank Ward.

Mrs. K. N. Storms and Mrs. B. Caton spent a week in Kingston with Mr. Shirley and Miss Dorothy Neilson, Nelson street.

The public school was closed for several days owing to the death of Miss Darling's grandmother, Mrs. Charles Darling, of Moscow.

### SELBY

Rev. Mr. Anderson held revival meetings at Empey Hill.

E. Price and Miss Cora Hudgins were married on Wednesday, March 1st.

A number from here attended the kitchen shower at Mr. Percy Hudgins.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Armstrong spent a week at Rollin.

Miss Sweetman, Queen's University, Kingston, gave a talk on missions at the Sabbath school recently.

Miss Alma Wood is visiting friends at Oshawa, Toronto and Brantford.

A missionary quilting was held in the school room of the Methodist church on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Arthur McKnight is somewhat better.

Mrs. Turmmon and Dorothy have arrived home from Toronto.

Recent visitors : Mr. and Mrs. L. Paul, at R. Paul's ; Mr. and Mrs. Engelhart, at G. Richmond's ; Miss Sweetman, at Rev. Mr. Anderson's ; Mr. and Mrs. M. Huggins, and Miss Low, at A. Woods; Mr. and Mrs. E. Bradshaw and family, at M. Bradshaw's.

### CAMDEN EAST

The people have enjoyed the few days of lovely weather.

Mrs. Ansley, of Kingston, visited her daughter, Mrs. Ellen Lucas and daughter Ruby, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Snider entertained to tea on Thursday, March 2nd in honor of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hartman, it being the 53rd anniversary of their marriage. Those present were : Mr. and Mrs. Will Loucks, Mr. and Mrs. Will Snider, Mrs. Cumingham, and James Baines and his mother, Mrs. Baines.

David Patterson has returned after visiting at Belleville.

George Lewis, Queen's University, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Snider and baby were at L. H. Stover's on a recent Saturday.

Lenten services are being held in the Anglican church.

A number of friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mrs. Lucas on Saturday evening, 4th March, and presented her with a purse of money before leaving the village. A pleasant evening was spent with music, etc., after which lunch was served.

The Mission Circle held its first meeting at the home of the honorary president, Miss A. Williams. They were addressed by the president, Miss Wilson. Solos etc., were also given.

Harold Cunningham has returned home having given up his position at Peterboro.

### YARKER

The recent rains have put the roads in very bad condition. A number of cellars are suffering from the surplus of water.

Misses Helen and Georgie Bell, Belleville, were recent visitors at R. S. Burgess'.

Archie Gard has disposed of his property to Abram Walker, and Mr. Carde has bought Byron Holden's. Mr. Holden has bought Mr. Karol Lee's farm at Brookside.

Quite a number from here attended the I. O. O. F. dance and card party at Harowsmith.

Quite a number attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Irish, of Gretna, last Tuesday.

Mrs. Geo. Deare has returned home after spending the funeral of her brother, Robert Pybus, of Strathcona.

Miss Frances Simpkins, of Outlook, spent the week-end at home.

Jack Oldham has returned to his studies at Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrill have returned to Coborne after visiting at J. M. Wright's.

Mrs. Alfred Spicer and son have returned home from Peterboro.

David Moore has returned to his duties after a month's vacation in the northwest.

Miss Margaret Edgar has been appointed assistant postmistress.

John Emberly received the sad news of the death of his sister, Mrs. Charles Darling, Petworth.

Charlie Davy has been engaged for another year as cheesemaker in the village factory.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ottis are spending some time at Selby with relatives.

P. T. Hyland has returned to Toronto after spending a few days with his family.

A. A. Connolly is getting his foundry ready. It was closed down for the winter.


**Children Cry**
**FOR FLETCHER'S**
**CASTORIA**


## NAPANEE SCHOOL BOARD

Council Chamber,
March 13th, 1922.

The Napanee Board of Education met in the Council Chamber on Monday evening, Chairman Alpine Woods presiding.

Members present—Messrs. P. Gleeson, Herb. Daly, J. M. Thomson, J. L. Boyes, S. R. Miller, E. J. Pollard.

The minutes of the previous session were read and confirmed.

The Finance Committee reported the following accounts, which, on motion, were ordered paid : Robinson Co., supplies P. S., $6.15 ; Wallace's Limited, supplies Collegiate, $41.81 ; Wallace's Limited, P. S., $7.88 ; Wallace's Limited, P. S., $6.15 ; Wallace's Limited, P. S., $37.30 ; Boyle & Son, repairs P.S., $180.96.

A communication was received from Col. Gillespie informing the Cadet instructor that it would be necessary for the Board to purchase new caps for the Cadet Corps at the Collegiate.

On motion fifty caps were ordered purchased.

The principal's report for the Public Schools for February was presented showing 436 pupils on the rolls and an average attendance of 363.

On motion Board adjourned.

## SIMPLE TALK ON SCOUTING

(Continued from last week)

THE SCOUT LAW IS PRACTICAL—The practical aspect of scouting will be seen in the law. Of its ten sections, the one most evidently practical is most frequently emphasized. This is the "Good Turn to Someone Every Day." The law in full follows :

1. A Scout's honor is to be trusted.

2. A Scout is loyal to God, to his King, his country, his officers, his parents, his employers, and to those under him.

3. A Scout's duty is to be useful and to help others. A Scout must endeavor to do a good turn to someone every day.

4. A Scout is a friend to all and a brother to every other Scout.

5. A Scout is courteous.

6. A Scout is a friend to animals.

7. A Scout obeys orders of his parents, Patrol Leader, or Scoutmaster without question.

8. A Scout smiles and whistles under all difficulties.

9. A Scout is clean in thought, word and deed.

SCOUT GRADES AND TESTS—There are four classes of Scouts : Tenderfoot, Second Class, First Class, and King's Scout.

Some of his tests for the above badges : Know the composition and history of the Union Jack and the correct way to fly it ; be able to tie and explain the special use of six specified knots ; have a fair knowledge of the elementary First Aid ; know the Semphore and Morse signalling codes; take on the pace for a mile ; or describe the contents of a shop window ; or remember 16 out of 24 articles observed for one minute (test of observation and memory) ; go a mile in 12 minutes at Scout's pace (alternately 20 steps running and 120 steps walking) ; develop endurance, judgment, and self control ; the distance must be covered within 30 seconds of 12 missing not more and not less ; lay and light a wood fire in the open in any weather, using not more than two matches ; cook supper of a pound of meat and two potatoes without cooking utensils, over a camp fire ; know the sixteen points of the compass.

The above tests are expanded and others added for qualifying as a First Class Scout.

By meeting further tests the First Class Scout may become a King's Scout, and when older he may become a Rover Scout.


International Calf Meal—fresh supply at DAVY & ALLISON'S.


**Unkind Wish.**

The wife of a celebrated poet once complained to him that he was always reading, and took little notice of her. "I wish," she said, "I was a book, then I would probably enjoy more of your company." "I sincerely wish to Heaven you were a book—an almanac, I mean," replied the great man, "for then I could change you every year!"

**Trench Maps.**

Trench maps, which were printed for military use on strong canvas, are now being used in England to make inner soles for tennis shoes.


## LODGERS TAKEN IN

AT GRACE CHURCH

**Tuesday, April 4**

at 8 p. m.

In connection with this side splitting farce comedy there will be 45 minutes of spectacular witty minstrel production.

**Reserve the Date.**


## REDS IN REVOLUTION

**Smuts Faces Serious Crisis in South Africa.**

**Government Troops Have Rand Situation Well Under Control—Four-Hour Battle Ended In Decisive Defeat of Rebels, But It Will Take Some Time to Establish Authority.**

JOHANNESBURG, March 13.—Johannesburg's morgue is choked with corpses, including some of women. All the hospitals are overcrowded with wounded. The total death list exceeds 80, including 22 policemen. It is much quieter in the centre of the city, but the outlying districts of Fordsburg and Jeppe remain in danger in spots.

A four-hour battle between a Jeppe contingent of the Imperial Light Horse and a Red command resulted in victory for the former. The victory of the Imperial troops saved Johannesburg water supply from destruction.

The troops lost six killed and fifteen wounded. The strikers' losses are unknown.

Fordsburg is still largely held by the strikers, who have ringed the district, occupying sniping positions. An aviator flying low bombed the Reds who replied. The Lewis gun bombs inflicted a number of casualties, but the strikers retained their positions.

The arrival of a big force of Durban Light Infantry, and a body of burghers, encouraged the hope that the Government is getting the situation in hand.

The East Rand situation is described as still critical, with the Reds trying to fight westward to fight their way to Johannesburg to effect a junction with other forces of the strikers.

Premier Smuts announced late Saturday he would maintain law and order.

"The country must be prepared for very considerable trouble and bloodshed upon an unanticipated scale," was the ominous warning sounded by the premier.

Premier Smuts is coming to the Rand to take personal charge of the police and to direct the military operations against the strikers.

A Scottish detachment was ambushed at Benoni by strikers hidden in a plantation, who suddenly poured a heavy fire into the soldiers, killing eighteen of them and wounding twenty-five. Most of the detachment were ex-service men.

Airplanes have twice dropped bombs on revolutionary commandos, inflicting severe casualties, and a large number of strikers have been killed or wounded in an attack against cavalry at Ellis Park, says a correspondent in Second Class, First Class, and King's Scout.

Some of his tests for the above badges : Know the composition and history of the Union Jack and the correct way to fly it ; be able to tie and explain the special use of six specified knots ; have a fair knowledge of the elementary First Aid ; know the Semphore and Morse signalling codes; take on the pace for a mile ; or describe the contents of a shop window ; or remember 16 out of 24 articles observed for one minute (test of observation and memory) ; go a mile in 12 minutes at Scout's pace (alternately 20 steps running and 120 steps walking) ; develop endurance, judgment, and self control ; the distance must be covered within 30 seconds of 12 missing not more and not less ; lay and light a wood fire in the open in any weather, using not more than two matches ; cook supper of a pound of meat and two potatoes without cooking utensils, over a camp fire ; know the sixteen points of the compass.

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**Trench Maps.**

Trench maps, which were printed for military use on strong canvas, are now being used in England to make inner soles for tennis shoes.

The comprehensive nature of the scouting movement is shown by the fact that there are 1,000 different badges which may be won by Scouts.

The Scout Oath is : "On my honor I will do my best to do my duty to God and the King, to help other people at all times, and to obey the Scout Law."

The Scout motto is "Be Prepared."

The Scout salute is given with the right hand raised to the level of the shoulder, with the first two fingers extended.

The Scout sign is made by raising the right hand to the level of the head, with the first two fingers extended.

The Scout badge is the figure of a boy scout in relief.

The Scout uniform consists of a broad-brimmed hat, a khaki shirt and shorts, a scarf, a belt, and stockings.

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**"Nowadays"**

**It is "SALADA" for breakfast, for dinner, for supper and five o'clock Tea the Continent wide**

100 Per-Cent Pure

**"SALADA"**

**Tea, as staple as our daily bread** H273

## How Do You Remit Money?

THE next time it is necessary for you to remit money, remember that the safest, most convenient and economical medium is *Bank Money Orders.* They are issued for any amount up to fifty dollars, and you can purchase them at our nearest branch at prices ranging from three cents to fifteen cents, plus revenue stamps.

**THE DOMINION BANK**

NAPANEE BRANCH - G. PATTEN CARR, Manager

Roblin Branch open Thursdays, Fridays, from Nov. 16, to April 30.


ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Estate of Cynthia Jane Symonds, Deceased

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statues of Ontario, 1914, Section 46, and Amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Cynthia Jane Symonds, late of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, widow, deceased, who died on or about the twenty-seventh day of January, A. D., 1922, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, solicitors for John William Hamby, administrator of the estate of the said Cynthia Jane Symonds, deceased, on or before the 17th DAY OF MARCH, A. D., 1922, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 17th day of March, A. D., 1922, the said administrator may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for said Administrator.
Dated this 11th day of February, 1922. 11-d

Dairy pails, milk cans, and all dairy supplies at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Thomas Symington, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Thomas Symington, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Gentleman, deceased, who died on or about the 3rd day of February, A. D., 1922, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to T. B. German, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitors for Julia Victoria Symington and Thomas Symington, Executors of the last will and testament of the said Thomas Symington, deceased, on or before the 15th DAY OF APRIL, A.D., 1922, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of April, A. D., 1922, the said executors may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

T. B. GERMAN,
Solicitor for the said Executors.
Dated this 6th day of March, 1922. 14-d


International Calf Meal—fresh supply at DAVY & ALLISON'S.


Mrs. J. Sagar has re-opened her Ladies' Ready-to-Wear store after having it remodelled, and has on hand a complete stock of Ladies' Dresses, Coats, etc. Call and see them.


**R. V. McLAUGHLIN, D.D.S., L.D.S.**

Painless Extraction
Gas or Local Anaesthetic

Phone 10 Napanee
11-3m

**DR. G. H. HOLLINGSHEAD, D.C., Chiropractor**

Consultation, Free.

Hours : 9 a.m. to 12 noon ; 1 p.m. till 6 p.m. ; 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Cor. Bridge and East Streets, NAPANEE

**H. W. GALLAGHER**

**The People's Auctioneer**

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown. 11-3-m

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Large brick house and barn. Apply to U. M. WILSON, Napanee. 5-tf

FOR SALE—Frame house and lot, on west end Water street. Apply R. Howie, Box 519, town. 4

REGISTERED Yearling Shorthorn Bull for sale, and Chatham Incubator. Apply MARK HAWLEY, R. R. 2. 12-cp

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

TO LET—Six room apartment, heated, all modern conveniences. Apply on premises to E. J. ROY, Dundas street. 11-tf

FOR SALE—Yearling Shorthorn bull, heifers, 2 years old ; calves, male and female ; Marquis wheat straw. Apply to MARK HAWLEY. 13-p

FOR SALE — General purpose horse weighing about 1200 lbs. Sound, true and well broken. Apply to PAUL & SMITH, Napanee. Phone 198. 12-c

HOUSE TO RENT—North half of double brick house on Robert Street. Newly papered and painted. Apply to JOHN A. CLIFF, 2 doors south of Ireman's. 1-tf

FOR SALE—Roughcast bungalow situate on the west side Centre street, Napanee. Built 1921. All modern conveniences. For further particulars apply at law office of U. M. WILSON, Napanee, Ont. 15

FOR SALE—6 acres, garden, in corporation. A Good frame house and barn. Good location. For quick sale, $2500.00. Also kinds of farms, and houses in Napanee for sale. F. C. Bogart.

100 ACRES, ten acres bush, sandy loam and clay, first class frame dwelling 24x24, 20x40, painted, nicely decorated inside, cellar, and cistern, spring in pasture, well fenced, barn 30x50, and other buildings in good repair, situated on Bay of Quinte, 7 miles from Napanee, lovely spot in summer, young orchard, convenient to church and school, very cheap, farm buildings worth all the price. Owner has to retire on account of health. Possession any time. —$5000.00. F. C. BOGART. 15

—Muresco for tinting walls and ceilings comes in twenty beautiful shades, all colors,—at WALLACE'S Drug Store. It covers over wallpaper.

**W. T. BAIRD**
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
**Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.**
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—West Street.

**ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP**
**HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.**
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

**H. W. SMITH**
**Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.**
OFFICE—Centre Street. PHONE 61

**R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C. P. S.**
**Physician Surgeon, Etc.**
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

**T. M. GALBRAITH**
**B. A., M. D., C. M.**
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
**Specialty—Diseases of Children.**
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

**Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN,**
**DENTIST**
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

# The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

**OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.**

**THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,**
Napanee, Ont.

**BUY YOUR**
**BUTTER WRAPPERS**
**AT THIS OFFICE**

**Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.**
**ROBT. LIGHT.**

**WOOD**
**Blocks, Cordwood, Hardwood Slabs, stove lengths or 4 ft.**
**Flour, Feed, Groceries, Salt.**

**S. CASEY DENISON,**
**CENTRE STREET, NORTH.**
**'Phone 101.**

## PARLIAMENTARY LETTER

With a promise of extending the markets for Canadian farm produce by opening negotiations with other countries, securing lower freight rates, amending the tariff as far as possible, giving government railway ownership and operation of railways a fair trial and a thorough investigation, and with other similar indications of the government's plans and policies laid down in the Speech from the Throne, it is already evident that the King government has by no means been idle in the few months it has held office. Ordinarily the Speech is notable for what it omits rather than for what it says, but this year the Governor General had a really interesting message for the members of the Senate and the lady and gentlemen of the Commons when they were summoned to his presence on Thursday last. There is sufficient in the Speech to keep the legislators busy for some time, and if the government's plans are carried through as laid down in that document, to bring about better conditions in this country.

Parliament is open and the conditions facing the members in the next few weeks are interesting. The Government members, confident and smiling, have taken their places on the right of Mr. Speaker, in this case Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, a parliamentarian of long standing and of unbiolished integrity, while Rt. Hon. Mr. Meighen, with a sadly decimated following, as judged by the last session, sits on the left. The Progressives left to him the honor of leading the Opposition, and they held themselves free to support the government on such measures as they may see fit to do so. One of the things they feared, apparently, was that if they did not have official Opposition, as they were being urged to do, they would be the victims of all sorts of plots which might lead them, in their inexperience, to embarass the government when they did not wish to do so.

That Rt. Hon. Mr. Meighen has not taken kindly to the change in his fortunes was evident from the moment the House first met on Wednesday. He has objected to being kept in the dark as to who would occupy the official Opposition benches until the opening day, and then when the House met for the election of the Speaker, he immediately showed how he felt. While admitting the qualifications of Hon. Mr. Lemieux for the position, Mr. Meighen could not refrain from scolding the government for having named the Speaker in advance, and also for having chosen somebody else besides the Deputy Speaker. There was little difference from custom, however, inasmuch as it was always known a month or so before the House met who would be chosen. Probably the only change was that the Deputy Speaker had not been promoted, but the former Premier saw in the departure from that custom a slight of the functions of parliament, and was quick to castigate the government for it. Incidentally, his outburst created rather a bad impression on some of the new Progressive members.

The indications from the first days' proceedings are that this session will be no love feast. But Mr. Meighen's attitude is to be followed by his supporters, as it probably will be, it will lead to some reprisals from the other side of the House and seek to enliven things to a great extent. In the meantime, the Progressives are holding to their declaration that they will support the government where they can do so.

The Committees will be announced in a very short time and the indications are that several of them will have a busy time. The Pensions Committee will be reconstituted, probably within a couple of weeks or so, and will make a start on the probe which will determine whether or not there is anything further to be done in the matter of pensions and re-establishment for the returned men. That Committee, it is understood, will not be cut right out its hands tied and will be able to take up the whole problem and decide what is necessary. The Speech from the Throne also indicates that there will be further committee work on the Canadian National Railways, while the Public Accounts also give promise of being a busy and interesting spot during the coming session.

Taken all in all the session promises to be full of interesting doing for many years past. The new members on the government side have a lot of questions to take up affecting their constituencies, and the Progressives are vitally interested in all possible legislation affecting the farmers. The fresh ruling on the general management of the railways will probably come up for discussion several times during the session, and there will doubtless be an extended field day on Mr. Fielding's reciprocity trip across the country. That trip has shown the Progressives that the government is doing its best to ensure the widest possible markets and to carry out the platform it laid down before being elected to office.

Forecasts as to the length or the probable end of the session at this stage could be only more guesswork for there are so many unknown quantities in the House this year that nobody can say what may or may not happen. The one thing outstanding is that the government is in better position than anyone else should an adverse vote be forced upon them, and that is what the Opposition are keeping in mind at all times.

Neither the Progressives nor the Conservatives could afford to go back to their constituents until they have given the new government time to function and show what it can do, and that alone is going to have a great bearing on the votes during the session. But with so many new and untried members from all parts of the country this year, there will be plenty of high lights in the proceedings and plenty of surprises, and some of those may come from the Senate where there is an active majority against the government and a majority which may decide to play politics when the occasion arises.

**Bronchitis Colds and Coughs Blown to atoms**
Every trace completely removed by the World's most powerful preparation
**Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture**
Fully guaranteed to give you relief or money refunded.
40 Doses for 75c
Sold by all druggists or by mail from W. K. Buckley, Limited, 142 Mutual St. Toronto

**Sold in Napanee by Wallace's Drug Store, Limited**

Vaccinate your cattle, and use the most reliable Blackleg Vaccine, namely, Parke Davis & Co. It is sold in sealed tubes of 10 pellets. $1.00 a tube, at WALLACE'S Drug Store. Mail orders given prompt attention.

### A BULLETIN

The fire loss for 1921 exceeded that of any previous year in the history of the United States. While final figures are not available the total will be well over half a billion dollars. In spite of the steady developement of fire fighting science and equipment and fire protection engineering there has been a steadily increasing fire loss year after year. The figures are now reaching such tremendous proportions that the National Fire Protection Association believes that it is justified in making an appeal to all persons in a position to inform the public to make a sustained effort during the present year to spread the gospel of fire prevention. It seems clear that fire prevention education is the most important factor at the present time towards a reduction of fire losses. It is safe to say that over seventy-five per cent. of this waste is preventable. Public indifference, carelessness, or ignorance is responsible for most of our fires. Consider the chief cause of fire—Matches—Smoking. This one one item costs us in the neighborhood of eighteen million dollars yearly. This hazard can only be reduced through a widespread campaign conducted by the press with the co-operation of the various national associations, fire marshalls, and other bodies and individuals of all kinds. Each of the other main fire hazards, such as electricity or defective chimneys could be reduced by a similar campaign. There are few items more deserving of publicity or more directly related to public welfare than fire prevention. Those who recognize this needless waste, and support the fight against it are performing a valuable service, and the National Fire Protection Association is at all times ready and willing to supply information or assistance to anyone interested in preventing fire losses. This year can be made the turning point. A stand must be made against this disastrous waste in fire. The way is open. There is no better time than now. Your support is earnestly requested.

Many women now use Day Dream Toilet Water as a perfume exclusively. It has such a delicate refreshing fragrance, and is so lasting. For sale only at WALLACE'S.

**Shooting the Clouds.**

It is very interesting to watch the rain-makers at work in the wine-growing districts around Lake Geneva, in Switzerland.

Dotted about the country are numbers of little sheds, from the roof of each of which protrudes a great bell-mouthed funnel. If you could examine these sheds from an airplane, you would find that they are arranged in great circles.

Inside each is a gun, the muzzle of which is connected with the bell-mouthed funnel. Charges of noisy black powder are used, and the funnel, acting in the same way as a gigantic gramophone horn, magnifies the sound of the discharge enormously.

When rain is wanted a man is placed in charge of each hut. Presently a small cloud drifting across the sky comes into the range of guns. Bang! The cloud, shaken by the noise and the shock of the discharge, begins to float towards the other side of the circle. Another gun and another cloud is chivied about for a time inside the circle, and eventually the shaking up which it receives causes it to break up into rain. The system has seen these rain-guns used with success on dozens of occasions.

They have another use, too. They can be used to disperse unwanted clouds. When the grape harvest is approaching the farmer's greatest foe is hail; the stones cut his vines to ribbons. When a hail storm is observed the batteries once more prepare for action! But this time their method is different. They open fire whilst the clouds are outside the circle, and by means of heavy firing prevent them from entering it.

**A Pardonable Error.**

A canny Scot was being shown over a man-o'-war for the first time in his life, and 'being keenly interested in all he saw, had his guide with all sorts of questions. The marines seemed particularly to interest him, and going up to one he pointed to the grenade in the marine's cap, and asked what it was. The marine looked at him in surprise. "Don't you know what that is?" he asked. "Why, that's a turnip, of course." "Ach, mon," replied the Scot, "I wisna askin' aboot yer heid."

Smoke your meat the new and easy way. Essence of smoke gives a delicious flavour, and is not offensive. For sale at WALLACE'S.

### CONSECRATION

By Elizabeth Johnson

Let me follow Thee close, O my Saviour,
O, show me the way;
Let me go where the NEED is the greatest
For workers to-day!

Let me learn once again Thy great lesson,
O speak to my heart!
O teach me Thy Truth, and then teach me
The same to impart!

I would follow Thee close, O my Saviour,
Tread again where Thou trod,
O greatest among earth's forsaken,
Nail-pierced Son of God!

Not a mighty church, great and triumphant,
Sought Thee far and near,
But a handful of men, poor and lowly,
Had ears Thee to hear.

Who has courage to follow, as they did
A teacher of few,
Will have courage to live and to suffer
For those truths anew.

And hungry and footsore, and hunted,
Like beasts to their den,
'Neath the lash, and the chain, and the prison,
They 'quit them like MEN.

And the seed, Thy great Truth, scattered broadcast
Through nations of earth,
Took root in the heart, grew and ripened,
Each age a new birth:

And martyrs have trod in their footprints,
The leaders of few,
The stake and the faggot has kindled
Thy great Truths anew.

O Christ, Son of God, mighty Saviour!
Each age a new birth—
Reincarnate in church, state, and now in
"The People" of earth.

For the cry has gone forth up to Heaven,
The shrill shriek and tears
Of humanity bound and imprisoned,
The anguish of years.

O hunger of heart! O life darkened!
A Sampson not free—
O soul-dwarfed! O slave scorned and taunted,
The Age looks to Thee.

And those who have ears let them hear Thee,
Have eyes let them see,
For Christ calls again to his workers—
Is calling through thee.

And those who dare suffer for His sake,
Dare live for the right,
Though scorned and disgusted and crucified,
Are dear in His sight.

Let us follow close, O our Saviour,
O show us the way!
Lead THOU women and men to the greatest!
May we follow to-day!

Copalline Varnish for floors, linoleum, and furniture. For sale only at WALLACE'S.

### FACTS ABOUT THE MACE.

**Other Important Fixtures of House of Commons.**

**The splendid mace in the House of Commons is of recent make. It is a replica of the mace used in the Imperial House and it has a short but interesting history, briefly given in the inscription it bears to the following effect:**

**"This mace, replacing the original mace of the House of Commons of the Province of Canada, destroyed by fire on Feb. 3, 1916, was presented by Col. the Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Creers Wakefield, Lord Mayor of London, and the sheriffs of London, George Alexander Touche, Esq., M.P., and Samuel George Shead, Esq., June, 1916."**

It is interesting to note that the Parliament at Westminster has had three maces. One was lost, or probably, if as stated it was of solid gold, stolen in the reign of Charles I. The present one is the "Bauble" of Cromwell's time, reconstructed after the restoration of Charles II. by a goldsmith named Thomas Maundaly. The first mace used in the Canadian Parliament after Confederation came from the old Parliament of Canada and had a narrow escape from destruction in the fire which destroyed the Parliament House at Montreal in 1849, only to meet a like fate at Ottawa thirty-seven years later. Though the mace is only a gilded emblem it is more important than it looks and plays its part in the procedure of legislation. No legislation is effective without it being on the table of the House. At times the chamber is "in committee," that means that the meeting of the House is for the time suspended and a general and free conversation on the merits of a bill takes place. The mace is placed out of sight until the House resumes.

The Senate Black Rod, a beautiful specimen of art work in ebony and solid gold, is also new and was presented to Canada by the Empire Parliamentary Association.

The Speaker's chair in the House of Commons, which is also new, is a replica of the chair at Westminster, which was made in the reign of Queen Victoria. The Canadian copy contains some good work by B. Heath & Sons, of Exeter. The canopy is also remarkably fine and is especially interesting as the panel surmounting it representing the royal arms is made from one of the old oaken beams recently taken from the roof of Westminster Hall, erected in the reign of Richard II., 1397-9. It is also, like the mace and black rod in the Senate, a gift from the old land. It was brought to Canada and formally presented to the Commons recently by the Rt. Hon. James Lowther, for many years the Speaker of the Imperial House.

**Children Cry**
**FOR FLETCHER'S**
**CASTORIA**

## NAPANEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Honor Roll for the months of January and February, 1922.
Names in order of merit.
Means scholar missed one or more exams.

WEST WARD SCHOOL

Sr. IV.

Y. McGraw, *R. McGraw, M. Corkill, E. Knight, M. Garrison, R. Thompson, A. Lewis, M. Rogers, A. Davy, R. Black, A. Wilson, W. Drake, A. Cannaugh, G. Fraser, L. Graham, T. Moffat, G. Hughes, W. Conger, H. Deline, N. Graham, A. Asselstine, J. Smith, E. Knox, C. McDonald, H. Daly, F. Ballard, C. Graham, D. Scott, *M. Roblin, *H. Lucas, *M. Stevens, *G. McGee, *D. Powell, *G. McCabe, *S. Kelly.

Jr. IV.

E. L. Harrison, R. Stevens, L. Cowling, E. Mills, D. Caton, D. Richardson, C. Thompson, C. Lee, B. Carr, D. Lucas, G. Boyes, E. Sweet, *J. Burgess, *A. Rogers, E. Patterson, T. Stoot, M. Harrington, I. Card, H. Thomson, H. Moore, *C. Baird and *M. Johnson, equal; *H. Empey, W. Coates, *E. Gleeson and *T. Barrett, equal; F. Bush, *F. Kinkley and *O. Babcock, equal; *E. Gibbard, L. Hogle, J. McGraw, *W. Midmer, *H. O'Neill, *J. Normile, *D. Johnston and *C. Taylor, equal; *E. Switzer, *H. Grange, *H. Benn, *G. Hosey, M. Cummings.

Sr. III

J. Carr, D. Hawley, W. Exley, L. Baird, E. Way, M. Sills, G. Reid, G. Freels, J. Ewens and M. Garrison, equal; M. Clark, D. Card, K. Lewis, C. Harrison, J. Clark, L. Kellar, W. Huffman, C. Bedford, M. and *D. Poole, equal; J. Stevenson, K. Edgar, A. Dean, D. Lucas, C. Grass, H. Drake, J. Black and D. Whitney, equal; C. Walters, L. Black, E. Hodgson, D. Huyck, E. Smith, G. Rennie, F. Wilson, B. Hartman. Absent, Ruth Graham and Robert Wilson.

Third Class

Senior Class—Roy Pennell, Arthur Grass, Edith Macmorine, Ethelbert Switzer, James Melntyre, Helen Lancaster, Maurice Ungar.

Junior Class.—Earl Pybus, Thelma Rhodes, Mostyn Edgar, Vera Chase, Aldworth Daly, Fern Sylver, Frank Thompson, Laurietta Walker, Opha Clute, Jack Kellar, Dorothy Clarke, Jack Miller, Dave Stinson, Eldon Edgar, Melborne Kinkley, Percy Schryver, Arthur Fink, Walter Hughes, Lester Boyes, Marjorie Mills, Harold Barragar, Norma Hartman, Joe Thompson, Angus Smith, Clifford Walker, Marion Thompson, Robert Fraser, Durwood Conway, Gordon MacGregor, Rosella Benn, Stella Fox.

Jr. III B.

M. Gibbard, B. Powell, M. Daly, H. Nelson, E. Snider, R. Wilson, G. McCabe, J. Grange, R. Vanalstine, C. Lee, M. Grass, W. Vandusen, H. Wilson, J. Plumley, G. Paul, M. Frink and P. Denison, equal; *M. Gerow, E. Bargrar, D. Howitt, Bell Walker, G. Thompson, *J. Lancaster, *R. Baker, *V. Burnard, *G. Pennell.

Sr. II.

W. Garrison, A. Wilson, F. Sampson, T. Davy, *P. Ford, B. Barnes, A. Davis, J. Graham, W. Miller, *J. Moffat, B. Lewis, D. Devine, *C. Volkersberg, D. Babcock, *Z. Kellar, *W. Pybus, *H. Colwell.

Jr. Second Class

J. Hughes, M. Smith, H. Robinson, M. Exley, J. Swaine, D. Wilson, H. Frink, *M. Loucks, S. File, *E. Milligan, *R. Wilson, R. VanValkenburg, *B. Templeton, *D. Anderson, *C. Plumley, *A. Baker, *June Thompson, *Helen Fretts, *B. Gibbard, M. Wilson, A. Thompson, *G. Harrigan, B. Fair, *E. Fox, J. Vanluven, J. Uens, Jetta Thompson, Tom Webb, *F. Manion, *M. Wheeler, E. Babcock, *R. Volkersberg, R. Patterson, *F. Sagar, *F. Fox, *J. Graham.

First Book Class

Senior Class—Mildred Richardson, Josephine Swaine and Earl Jennings, equal; Charles Huffman, Arthur VanLuven, Harry Ford, Florence McCabe, George Cargriff, Donald Maisonville, Garnet Barnes, *John Baird, Mary Evans, Gilbert Seymour, *Gerald Wilson, Willie Hawley, Jack Holder, *Robert Fair, Bernard Johnston, *Agnes Meyers, *Burleigh Mills, *Ruth Babcock, *Orville Harrigan, Mary Kinkley, Gladys Brown, *Margaret Walters, *Norine Johnston and Lillian Walters, equal; *Harry Moore, *Harold Savage.

Junior Class.—Marion Reddick, Mary Galbraith, Hilda McGraw, Minnie Morey, Mary Powell, Lorne Garrison, Delbert Sagriff, Bobbie Miller, Charles Patterson, Irene Curry, Ruby Fair, Thelma Uens, Marion Sovereign, Jack McIlwaine, Cecil Asselstine, *Mildred Graham, Clarence Wilson, *Kathleen Tyndall.

Jr. First

Jack Rennie, Alice Yared, Helen Evans, Gerald Howitt, Elizabeth Taylor, Katharine Argue, Ruth Wheeler, Violet Vincent.

Sr. Pr.

Lily Wilson, Gerald Hughes, Madeleine Thompson, G. Brown, Schuyler Thompson, Pansy Carr, Solid geometry and new and was presented to Canada by the Empire Parliamentary Association.

Jr. Pr.

Lloyd Cowle, Audrey Burgess, Earl Reddick, Dorothy Garrett, Charlie Hearnes, Lorne Markle, Russell Brown, Kenneth LaPointe, Lizzie Markle, Dorothy VanDusen, Earl Graham, Dorothy Jackson, Reggie VanAlstine, Donald Babcock.

French-English Class.—Bertha Yared.

Primer Class.

Class A.—Arthur Thompson, Annie Young, Leonora Fraser, Leone Brown, Jean Huston, Billy Hall, Harry Plumley, Virginia McFalane, Ada Lewis, Louise VanLuven, Alice Walters, Doris McNeeley, Edith Drake, Margaret Turner, Jessie Wheeler, Jim Robson, Madeline Dafoe, Dannie Cook.

Class B.—Dorothy Pybus, Jackie Cook, Willie Sampson, George Vankoughnett, Edison Ryan, Delia Woods, George White, Harold Asselstine, Bennett Fair, Billy Warner.

Class C.—Donald Rennie, Herkimer Benn, Ray Kellar, Margaret Drake, Noreen Waitson, Gordon Curry, Ivan Barragar, Bruce Rhyndress, Bessie Perry, Mary Asselstine, Bessie Irish, Billy Babcock, Douglas Wood.

EAST WARD SCHOOL

Senior Second

Claude Thompson, Cyrus Middleton, Clayton Mills, Paul Stevenson, Jim Perry, Alice Knox, Donald Normile, Marion Sculthorpe, 'Benny Davy, Earl Thomson, Bernice Thompson, Lena Kinkley, Georgie Scott, absent through illness.

Junior Second

Edward Lucks, Arthur Wood, John Alkenbrack, Aubrey Pybus, Colborne Harrington, Donald Conger, Allan Birrell, *Kathyrn Conger, *Percy Wells, *Mary Stinson, *Gladys Clarke, Floyd Sweet.

First Class.

*Tommy Simpson, Mary Irvine, Fraser Fellows, Olive Pearson, Hilda Loucks, Ellen Lucas, *Clarence Thompson, *Clifford Kinkley, Earl Deschene, *Jennie Hawley, *Clarence Pearson, *Harry Barrett, *Marguerite Young, *Clarence Walker, and *Clifford Storms.

Junior First

Herbert Butcher, Ethel Fox, Billy Milsap, Letitia McCullough, Marion Mills, Reginald Todd, John Irvine, Poppy Todd, Eula Joy.

Senior Primer

Mary Simpson, Marguerite Snider, Almeda Babcock, Elizabeth Cooke.

Intermediate Primer

Harold Alkenbrack, Margery McMillan, George Chambers, Joan La Maistre, Margery Kinkley, Alice Deschene, Ernest Conger, Billy Boyle, Margaret Robinson, Marjorie Thorpe, Marjorie Metcalf, Fred Thompson, Celestine Daly.

Junior Primer

Hubert Baldwin, Helen Deschene, Jack Cooke.

"Let your boy or girl study nature, and let a Brownie or Kodak make nature study a double pleasure. Kodaks and Brownies for sale at WALLACE'S.

**Bean With a Bite.**

A strange food, which is both cheap and sustaining, has been the subject of scientific experiments with the object of making it suitable for European palates.

This curious product is the soya bean, and it is found in China, Mexico, and Japan. The natives roast the beans, and even in this condition it would be unpalatable to Western people. A London doctor, however, has discovered a process of treating the bean with a certain amount of alcohol, 'whereby, he says, it is made quite appetizing.

This authority declares that not only are the sustaining qualities of the bean far greater than in the case of European commodities, but he believes it provides a cure for tuberculosis.

**Wool Shipments.**

In the fiscal year 1921 wool export shipments from Canada totalled in value $2,168,256, and in 1920, $5,472,236. In 1921, 7,128,665 pounds were sent to the United States, 130,169 to the United Kingdom, and 28,989 to Newfoundland. In the year previous 8,859,682 pounds were exported to the United States, 195,081 to Britain, and 29,964 to Newfoundland. Canada has, however, always been the principal market and consumer of her own wool products, and still remains so. It is worthy of note that up to the middle of October sales of the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers to the Canadian trade exceeded the total sales of last season by some 500,000 pounds.

Don't let that sour stomach sour your disposition and make you miserable, while Tanlac is ready to give you relief. Get it now. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

**SURPRISE**
A PURE HARD SOAP
SURPRISE SOAP
**A Big Bar**
**A full-size, full-weight, solid bar of good soap is "SURPRISE." Best for any and all household use.**

**The Frontenac Lumber Co.**
**HARD AND SOFT WOOD, LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, SASH and DOORS, BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS**
**CAR LOTS A SPECIALTY**
**Office: Dundas Street**
**Next Richardson's Photograph Gallery**

### QUAINT AFRICAN PEOPLE.

**Something About the Yorubas of Southern Nigeria.**

Yorubas are a series of negro tribes living in the Lagos district of the Western province of Southern Nigeria. They are an interesting people of very ancient lineage, but little heard of since slavery was abolished. Their part of Africa was long called the slave coast, and the Yorubas were the most valuable slaves brought to the south in early days. They are of true Ethiopian stock, but among them are found many with lighter skins and Caucasian features, denoting a strain of Hamitic or Semitic descent.

They have only primitive religious tradition, but the lighter skin is an old heritage, and was commented upon among the southern slaves by early European writers, before there was any admixture of white blood among American negroes. The whole Yoruba population are divided between towns and city life. A few of these cities having sometimes a population of 40,000. Many of the towns are walled and look rather like prehistorical Teutonic settlements. Households. Yorubas, however, are not warlike. They will fight only in defensive wars, and all attempts to get any of them into the late war met with failure.

Pottery, weaving, fanning, dyeing and forging are their chief industries in the towns, and they do some exporting and importing. Agriculturally speaking, they are self-supporting, and their farming implements, while primitive, are adequate. The whites visitor is surprised at their houses and their tribal government. Large houses abound. The dwelling of a chief will sometimes have fifty rooms, well built and adorned with carving representing fabulous animals and scenes and figures.

Yoruba men have developed administrative ability. Their system of government comprises a council of elders and a king. The chief who assumes an office to which he is entitled by heredity. This heredity lies in two families, and the office passes from one to the other quite alternately. The council gathering is reminiscent of administrative gatherings pictured on the ruins of wall from Nineveh. The elders are recruited from the different Yoruba tribes and can be distinguished from another by the different tribal tattoo markings, usually representing the simple pattern of two or more vertical lines on the cheeks.

**He Climbed High.**

Lord Beaverbrook is publishing the story of his success. As he was born the son of a Presbyterian clergyman in the rural districts of New Brunswick, his life may also be termed romantically successful. Lord Beaverbrook was created a knight in 1911 and baron in 1916. He was with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces in 1915 as eye-witness and represented the Government of Canada on the front in 1916. In 1917 he was made officer in charge of the Canadian war records, and in 1918 chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster and also of information. He is the author of "Canada in Flanders."

**Fighting Cutworm.**

A bottle of poisoned molasses, using upside down on a fence post so as to trickle out to the ground, at noon sun is an effective trap for the moths that produce the pale western cutworm, the most destructive grain crop pest of the Western provinces, E. H. Strickland, of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, told the Horticultural Society at a recent meeting in Toronto.

**Loving Regard.**

Husband—"Yes, dear, you look nice in that dress, but it cost me a heap of money."

Wife—"Freddie, dear, what do I care for money when it is a question of pleasing you?"

As a guarantee of purity buy your drugs under the "Pure Test" label. For example, don't just ask for "Castor Oil," specify "Pure Test" and you will get the highest grade possible to obtain. Pure Test Drugs for sale in Napanee, only at WALLACE'S.

## British Museum Contains Most Wonderful Library

### To be Found in England

If anyone genuinely in the pursuit of knowledge were told that a study existed in the heart of London where he could remain all day, have dozens of assistants to wait upon him, and have the right to consult any of 4,000,000 volumes, how much would he be prepared to pay for this unique advantage?

He could start his studies at nine in the morning, and continue until six in the evening. A desk and rubber-wheeled chair would be ready for him, together with pens, ink, blotting pad, and electric reading lamp.

Such a library does exist in Bloomsbury, but the occupants do not pay a farthing for admittance. It is the reading room of the British Museum.

The books on the ground floor of that great circular room number 20,000, and comprise works of reference, dictionaries, encyclopaedias, directories, and the latest or best editions of standard works.

In another part of the library there are books which were printed early in the reign of Charles II., to which reference can be made if required. Every year the library catalogue grows to the additional extent of 30,000 entries.

When such advantages are placed before the public, the following semi-apologia in the official guide regarding the time taken by an assistant to deliver a book seems unnecessary:—

"As far as possible the books most in use are placed within easy reach of the room; but when it is remembered that there are in the library several miles of presses and not less than forty-six miles of shelves it will be understood that many books are so far distant from the central point that it is a physical impossibility to bring them to it in a few minutes."

As soon as the slips on which the names and press marks of the books required are handed in, they are dispatched through pneumatic tubes to various parts or sections of the library. Here they are received by an official whose duty it is to take the book corresponding to the slip and substitute for it a board on which are written the reader's name and the press mark. The book is then sent to the reading room.

Even under these conditions an assistant is not supposed to take more than twenty minutes in supplying a given book. Anything from oratorios to music-hall songs, maps, and newspapers may be seen, and anyone requiring expert assistance in examining large-scale maps has only to ask.

The newspaper room contains newspapers dating back to 1642, and all the London newspapers, including those published in the suburbs, as well as collections of playbills of London and provincial theatres.

English, Provincial, Scottish, Irish, and Welsh newspapers are stored at Hendon.

Surely the whole library, together with its wonderful organization and lack of red tape, might be classed as one of the seven wonders of the world.

### Royal Dancers.

The man who thinks that dancing is beneath him will be interested to learn that the Royal Family counts many good dancers, of whom the Prince of Wales is probably the best. His Royal Highness learned to dance when he was a small child, and even if he were not a prince, would be an asset to any ballroom.

Prince Henry is now trying to emulate him, and has lately taken lessons at an academy near Regent street. Princess Mary, of course, is a very graceful dancer, here two favorite dances being the fox-trot and the waltz. The Queen puts the waltz first of all, possibly because she dances it best, and at court functions very little beside the waltz is danced. "Jazz" dances are Queen Mary's pet aversion.

Viscount Lascelles, the princess' fiancee, is not quite such a devotee of dancing as the princess herself.

And the King? He is not an enthusiast of the modern school of dancing, and dances little. There is one dance, however, which he will tell you is his favorite. It is a dance he learned during his naval days, and he has been known to dance it at Balmoral—namely, the horupipe.

### Gold In Door-Mats.

Have you ever found gold in your door-mat? Probably you have never had such good fortune, but there is a street in London, England, where it happens frequently.

Four times a year the premises occupied by the gold merchants of Hatton Garden are searched for particles of gold that have escaped in the process of refining, and the dust collected on these occasions is often worth a considerable sum.

Floors, walls, ceilings, and doors are cleaned, every nook and cranny searched, and even the cobwebs are examined for the precious dust.

The door-mats and workmen's uniforms are burned and gold is found in the ashes. Quite a large quantity of gold, however, escapes up the chimneys and floats over Hatton Garden.

### A Pioneer Editor.

The first woman's magazine in America was edited for fifty years by Sarah J. Hale, who was ninety years old when she retired from the editorial chair.

### Woman Sporting Editor.

A French newspaper has a woman as sporting editor. She is Mlle Bethe Bastered, one of the founders of the Academe, the first sporting club for women organized in Paris.

### TORONTO.

#### Name Is Supposed to Mean "the Place of Meeting."

Most of the older cities of Canada have had more than one name in the course of their development from early forts, settlements or trading posts to metropolitan greatness, and Toronto is no exception to the rule. But in the case of Toronto, there is this unique feature that Toronto is back to the name it bore before the earliest white settlers were in the country.

The word "Toronto" is an Indian word and it means a place of meeting. Five Indian trails met at the place where Toronto is now situated and two hundred years ago there were a few huts and wigwams of the Indians located at the junction of the trails. That was the first Toronto. Later the French came and in 1759, Fort Rouille was established. But no settlement grew up around the fort, and when the British obtained sovereignty over the lands, they had no hamlet at Toronto at all. Instead, the great town of the country was Newark, on the Niagara frontier.

At Newark, Lieutenant-Governor John Graves Simcoe held sway. And he would have established Newark and his folbtes and exhibit his authority a tNewark had not the Americans put a garrison in Fort Niagara across the river. It wouldn't do to have an armed garrison of a foreign nation keeping watch over the capital of Upper Canada and Simcoe went scouting.

On May 21, 1793, he set sail with a party of officers and went to Toronto, via Burlington Bay. Simcoe liked the easily defended bay at Toronto and forthwith established the place as his capital, naming it after King's army was in Holland at the time and Simcoe took the opportunity to ingratiate himself at court by changing the name of the spot to York, in honor of the King's second son, the Duke of York, who was in command in the Netherlands.

This was the York of that day as it appeared to the lieutenant-governor's surveyor: "Dense and trackless forests lined the margin of the lake and reflected their inverted images in its glassy surface. The wandering savage had constructed his ephemeral habitation beneath their luxuriant foliage—the group then consisting of two families of the Mississaugas—and the bay and the neighboring marshes were the hitherto uninvaded haunts of immense covers of wild fowl. Indeed, they were so abundant as to some measure to annoy us during the night."

York grew and prospered. Between his military pageants Simcoe found time to build Dundas Street and Yonge Street. In 1812 it was sacked by American troops but despite the set-back 10,000 souls called York their home in 1834. The town was becoming too cumbersome to be governed as a part of Upper Canada and the legislature passed a cumbrous bill of 97 clauses constituting the place a city. The name was changed to Toronto, and Toronto it has been ever since. Five wards were established and while the names have disappeared as names of wards there are still traces of them in the streets of the older portion of the city. They were St. Andrew's, St. George's, St. Lawrence's, St. David's and St. Patrick's wards.—John Duke in Toronto Sunday World.

### Voices of the Night.

One night, not very long ago, writes George Ham in "Reminiscences of a Raconteur," I was awakened by hearing Reggie Graves' voice just outside my bedroom door. He was saying, "George Ham, George Ham, George H. Ham of the C.P.R."

This continued for some time, and I also recognized the voice of another friend. It was absurd to imagine that they were in my house at two o'clock in the morning. When I turned on the light the voices ceased; when I turned it off, Reggie called my name again. I pinched myself to see if I was dreaming, but after half an hour the calling ceased, and I fell asleep.

The next night, at two o'clock, I was awakened by the voice of Reggie's voice. The calling continued while the light was off, and ceased when it was turned on. After a while I lighted a cigarette, smoked part of it, and, extinguishing the fire, placed it on a small stand at my bedside. If it was there in the morning, this telepathy was no dream.

True enough, in the morning the cigarette was just where I had left it. Three or four evenings later I met Reggie, and told him what had happened.

"It's true!" he exclaimed. "I was in great distress and bodily pain, and you were my only sheet-anchor. I called you both nights."

At the time Reggie was at his home seventeen miles away.

Another night I was awakened by women's voices. While I could not hear what they said, I could distinguish one of the voices. In the morning I telephoned the woman and told that she had not gone to bed until four o'clock. Then she related how my neighbor had been ill and she had gone in to see her, and stayed with her until that late hour. The sick woman's house was almost a mile away from my residence.

### Goust.

Nestled within the confines of a square mile in the Pyrenees, the Lilliputian republic of Goust, smaller even than the republics of Andorra or San Marino, has had its independence negotiated by France and Spain for the last three centuries. It has a population of about 150. The people are ruled by a council of elders, and they pay no taxes or duties of any sort. This civic unit is so tiny that it has to go abroad for its cure of soul and body. For instance it has to go to Laurent, the nearest French town. Even the dead must leave Goust to find consecrated ground in which to lie; the coffins are slid downhill, out of the smallest republic in the world.

## Blackboard Was Invented By Scotch Schoolmaster.

### Used All Over the World

The greatest of all inventions are said to be the common, simple, every day things. It was about a hundred years ago that a certain Scottish schoolmaster made the great invention of the blackboard.

The thing is difficult to believe, but it is true. Since "Old Pillan's" day his invention has penetrated into every country all the world over. If he had drawn a royalty from it, he and his heirs would have been rich beyond the dreams of avarice.

He thoroughly understood the value of association, and he understood one important thing more, the immense advantage of not teaching too much. Maps were scarce in those days, but Pillans did not want them; at least he did not want them often or much; they are too crowded with places and names. He wanted to draw for himself and for his boys just what they could understand.

"Let a large, black, smooth, unreflecting surface be employed," said Pillans, "and chalk of a color appropriate to the subject employed in procuring a board on which the colored delineations should be visible to every spectator in a numerous class. He tried coach-panel, mahogany, and several of the hard woods stained or painted black, but they were all open to objection, particularly to this, that as they reflected a good deal of light, there was always a section of the pupils whose eyes were in the line of the reflected rays, and who could therefore see nothing of what I was demonstrating."

In the end, he chose a quadrangular board of beech wood, not too finely planed, and stained black with log wood or other dye; "and I'll be bound," says Prof. D'Arcy Thompson in a recent article on Pillan's invention, "that that roughly planed bit of stained beech was a better beech than it had to use in my class this morning."

### Beche de Mer.

Who would think of using a cleansing compound for food? Yet in the East Indies there is one important article of commerce that, according to Captain C. A. W. Monckton, in "Some Experiences of a New Guinea Resident Magistrate," has value both as a cleanser and as a food. The article is called beche de mer. It is really a kind of sea slug, which ranges from six inches to two feet in length and from one to six inches in diameter. The Chinese cooks prize it highly and use it for making soup; and cooks in London, Paris, and Australia also use a great deal of it. The fish, which looks like a Bologna sausage, lies sluggishly on the bottom, whence divers easily bring it to the surface. In value it varies from $1,000 a ton downwards, according to the size, the variety and the way it is cured. The curing is a comparatively simple matter. It is done on board ship, the men throw the fish into a four-hundred-gallon tank set in brickwork upon the deck and boil them vigorously in their own juice for two hours; then they smoke them in a smoke-house for one night. When the fish come on board they are flabby gelatinous objects, so sightly to the eye and loathsome to the touch; they go away packed in sacks, hard and shriveled like lumps of India rubber. The liquor exuded by the boiling beche de mer has peculiar properties; it will burnish copper until it becomes like gold and will remove every particle of grease or dirt from clothing.

### According to Rule.

In addition to a knowledge of the mysteries of the human interior, the instruction given in hospitals includes the art of a good "bedside manner." "Ask the patient some questions," said a professor to a nervous third-year man. "Is it sore?" stammered the bro, reviving in his best scientific manner a large red spot. "Tut, tut!" said the professor. "What a question! A good opening is to say: 'When did you first begin to notice this?' Ask that." Later in the morning the same student's turn came round again. With the stern glance of his teacher upon him he stepped forward towards the table, which was now occupied by the unfortunate victim of a motor-car smash, and whose head and legs were covered with bumps and gashes, and put the model question: "When did you first begin to notice this?"

### Crushed.

One day young Montmorency was sitting in the lounge of a riverside hotel when his heart gave a sudden thrill. Three times in succession had a fair maiden come to the French window, looked in, wrung her hands despairingly, and then turned away. As she made her fourth appearance he rose and went over to her. "Madam," he said, eagerly anxiously, "can I be of any assistance?" "You blithering idiot," came a man's voice from the other side of the lawn. "You can be of assistance by clearing out of the way and letting us get on with the picture."

### Nothing Doing.

For two hours a fastidious lady kept the draper busy. When the good man's patience was at last exhausted, she asked in the sweetest manner: "Are you sure you have shown me everything?" "No, not all, madam," was the reply. "I have an old account in my ledger I'll gladly show you." She suddenly discovered she had a very pressing engagement elsewhere.

## HEARD AURORA BOREALIS.

### Experience of a Scientist In Northern Labrador.

A recent journey which he paid to Northern Labrador was lectured on by Mr. S. M. Gathorne-Hardy before the Royal Geographical Society, London, Eng. A striking feature to Mr. Gathorne-Hardy was that Labrador is undoubtedly rising from the sea at a very considerable rate. All along the coastline, wherever it is not altogether too precipitous, raised beaches are to be seen, frequently several of these at different levels.

On the coast all hills below a certain height, particularly in the neighborhood of Nain, seem to have the shape of exaggerated boulders crowned with numerous perched blocks.

Labrador provides exceptional opportunities for the observation of the aurora borealis. Judging merely by the evidences of his senses, Mr. Gathorne-Hardy says that he sometimes heard the aurora, when in rapid movement, making a faint, crisp, rustling noise. "If this is an hallucination," he adds, "it is a very strange one."

In the manual for Arctic expedition of 1875 the observer's attention such a phenomenon is recommended to "brush off spicules of ice from the neighborhood of his ears, his whiskers, and so forth." Mr. Gathorne-Hardy declares that in the conditions to which he refers neither spicules of ice nor whiskers were present.

Referring to the alteration in the character of the inhabitants, Mr. Gathorne-Hardy stated that when the first Moravian missionaries, in 1752, tried to found a station, the ruins of which have recently been discovered in the neighborhood of the present settlement at Makkovik, their leader, with the captain and five of the crew of the ship which brought them were murdered by the Eskimo.

Undeterred by this failure, the missionaries made a few years later, and, thanks to its efforts, the Eskimo of Labrador is now as peaceable and truthful a Christian as one could wish to meet. The quality of truthfulness, indeed, he carries to almost absurd lengths.

If he makes an accidental misstatement, it is said, he will apologize for telling a lie, and if he asks for credit at a store and his request is refused but on further consideration granted, he will not express gratitude, but will say: "Why did you tell me a lie at first?"

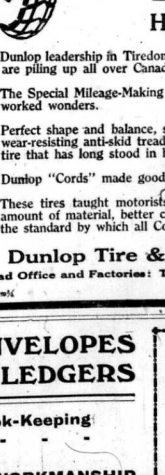
## STUDYING THE OCCULT.

### Science Has a Difficult Field for Exploration.

The past century has been eminently scientific. In physics, chemistry, biology, astronomy—the physical sciences generally—vast progress has been made. But the further science progresses, the nearer do its conclusions tally with those for long taught by the so-called occult. And Heroda maintains that we shall soon discover the grosser energies of the body, it has done very little toward discovering its finer and more subtle forces—those with which we are presently deal in psychic investigations, and upon the operation of which psychic phenomena depend. Here, I believe, is the field of the future, writes Dr. Herbert Stringfellow, in Scientific America.

Take, for instance, the recent discovery, by Dr. Charles Russ, of the energy which is said to radiate from the human eye. A delicate solenoid of mica, covered with strips of aluminum, is suspended in a glass vessel, to the outside of which are affixed metal plates, electrically charged. Then the gaze is focused intently upon one end of the cylinder, it moves away from the eye; when the gaze is directed toward the other end, it moves toward the eye; and when the centre of the cylinder is gazed at, it remains stationary. All normal causes seem to have been carefully eliminated, and, so far as I know, these results have never been explained.

Take again the question of the human aura. We can artificially create an electric aura around living bodies by means of high-frequency currents; but this is quite a different thing from the natural aura, said to exist, and observed by Kilner and others by means of chemical screens. Kilner himself believes that this is an ultra-violent phenomenon, and, in his latest book, has published a number of interesting experiments as to the effects upon the aura of electricity, magnetism, various chemicals, etc. Here again is a whole field for study and research, relating to the subtle energies of the body, upon which, however, much light will be thrown by proof of the bodily radiations, or exteriorized energy.



### The Brainiest Fish.

Of all fish the carp, in proportion to its size, has the largest brain. It is a most intelligent creature, and Mr. W. S. Berridge, F.Z.S., in his "Marvels of the Animal World," relates the following story of a carp: The fish was in charge of a gardener, whose duty it was to clean out every week the basin of the fountain wherein it lived. As the man had a natural liking for animals, he quickly won the confidence of the carp, and succeeded in teaching it to perform a number of tricks. Not only would the creature feed from his hand and allow itself to be handled, but it even learned to come towards him when he whistled. As its education proceeded, it was taught to wriggle out of the water, over the edge of the basin, and into the hands of its master; while, when ordered, it would also pass under and over a stick or through hoops which were placed in the water, either by swimming in a normal manner or upon its side. It would afterwards progress backwards, and then conclude the entertainment by kissing the man as he bent over the water and placed his lips just under the surface.

### Game Reserves.

While game laws with longer close seasons and more restricted bag limits have done something to prevent the rapid if not appalling diminution of all kinds of game from the lordly moose to the diminutive plover and sandpiper, the total result in comparison with the annually increasing number of gunners and the improvement of weapons of destruction is not encouraging. Of recent years the sentiment seems to be growing among conservationists that the only hope of preserving a remnant of many species is by establishing here and there a nucleus in the shape of a park of sanctuary where destruction shall be absolutely prohibited. Recognizing the legitimate needs of sportsmen, these oases of protection, which may also serve as forest reserves or recreation parks, may preserve species which would otherwise become absolutely extinct, and the overflow from the boundaries afford a perennial and certain supply to surrounding territory. The United States have done much along such lines, but Canada, a newer country with more unoccupied land, has, as Dr. Hornaday says, "set out to get for herself a system of national parks and game preserves while the getting was good. No province seemed disposed to be left behind in this conservation enterprise. As a final result, these red-spotted hills tell a great story of enlightenment and progress. Until it enters its decadence, no city, state, or nation ever deconsecrates and gives back to commercial uses a park or a wild life sanctuary that has once been dedicated to the whole people as theirs."

Eastern Canada has four huge game reserves, Manitoba and Saskatchewan have thirty-one, mostly small ones, Alberta and British Columbia have seven between them, including the immense areas of Jasper Park and the Rocky Mountains Park at Banff. Many more parks and wild life sanctuaries are given together with accounts of their principal attractions, and anyone in Canada or outside of it who expects ever to spend a vacation in Canada should have the book as a companion.

The Buffalo Park, at Wainwright, Alberta, is the most successful experiment, of the hundred buffalo purchased in Montana in 1908, have increased to more than five thousand and are now taxing the resources of the park.

### Unimpressed.

A bumptious young American farmer visiting Canada, ostensibly to increase his knowledge of agriculture, but wherever he went he pretended that it was far easier to teach the farmers than to learn anything from them. "I've got an idea," he said one day to a grizzled old farmer, "for a new kind of fertilizer which will be ten thousand times as effective as any that has ever been tried. Condensed fertilizer—that's what it is. Enough to dress an acre of ground would go in one of my waistcoat pockets." "I don't doubt it, my friend," said the veteran of the soil. "What is more, you'll be able to put the crop into the other waistcoat pocket."

### Women Are Good Shots.

A number of good shots have been developed among the women employes of the post office department since they have been practicing with pistols at various ranges in the large cities. The practice is to familiarize the employes' clerks with arms, so that in an emergency they can protect themselves and the valuable property in their care. Not satisfied with the government schedule of target work, some of them are spending their own time on other shooting ranges, with a view to entering amateur competitions.

### Not Initiated.

A learned professor, who was better at Greek than golf, after a round on the links, in which he had foozled most of his shots, turned to his caddie for advice as to improving his play. The reply of the ruthless caddie was: "Ye see, sir, it's easy to teach laddies batin' and Greek, but it needs a heap for gowf."

### ORDERS ARE ORDERS.

#### When Sir Robert Borden Met an English Sergeant.

It was of the "feathen" that friend Rudyard Kipling wrote. "If don't obey no orders unless they is "is own." Not of the British soldier. My word no. You ask Sir Robert Borden. He can tell you a story to prove that to the British soldiers "orders is orders," and that you may take the broad road easy path to that place where there is no bother about winter, before he will depart from them to the breadth of an eyelash.

It happened when Sir Robert was Premier of Canada. He was in London attending the Imperial Conference that preceded the Peace Conference. On the afternoon that the then President Wilson of the United States was to arrive in London, Sir Robert put on his best topper and hied him to the station to take part in the reception. Until he reached the rail-of circle whereln stood the King and other dignitaries, also bent on welcoming the United States President, Sir Robert had no misgivings. At a drop barred entrance to the railing he was confronted by a handsome representative of the British army, wearing a sergeant's chevrons and a number of stripes indicating wounds.

"Ticket, sir," said the sergeant smartly.

Sir Robert realized something then. "By jove," said he, "I've forgotten it. I left it on my desk in Whitehall Gardens."

"Must have a ticket to get in 'ere sir," said the soldier.

"But I won't have time to go back and get it before the train arrives," protested Sir Robert. "Here's my card—I happen to be the Premier of Canada."

"Cawn't 'elp it, sir; orders is orders. No ticket, no gettin' in."

"But here, sergeant," said Sir Robert. "There's Gen. Smuts. Just call him over here a minute; he'll vouch for me."

"Couldn't do it, sir, my orders is to stay 'ere and 'ere I stays."

"Get one of your men to call him."

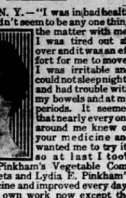
"Sorry, sir, the men is actin' on orders, too; I cawn't call 'em away from their posts."

The situation became too embarrassing for Sir Robert. He didn't get through the barrier in time to greet the President and he did say some things subsequently that startled those to whom his urbanity and quiet dignity are characteristic.

They do say that about the mildest words he used sounded suspiciously like "Gol darn it." But subsequently he saw the humor of the situation as well as its illumination of the British character. "It's typical," he said. "How could the Germans ever hope to beat a race like that?"


## NOW DO MY WORK WITH EASE

### Because Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored My Health



Hornell, N. Y.—"I was in bad health but there didn't seem to be any one thing the matter with me. I was tired out all over and it was an effort for me to move. I was irritable and could not sleep nights and had trouble with my bowels and at my periods. It seemed that nearly every one around me knew of your medicine and wanted me to try it, so at last I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine and improved every day. I do all my own work now except the washing and do it with ease. I can accomplish as much in a day now as it would have taken me a week to do last winter and I try to get every one I know to take your medicine to build them up. You are welcome to use this letter as a testimonial if you like."—Mrs. Chas. Baker, 21 Spencer Ave., Hornell, N. Y.

In almost every neighborhood there are women who know of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. They know what it has done, have taken it and have been helped. Why don't you give it a trial?

### Battle for Alaska.

Between Pinchot, apostle of conservation, and Secretary of the Interior Fall, apostle of exploitation, there is being waged a duel to the death for the control of Alaska. The decline of white population in the peninsula has furnished the excuse for the renewed assault of the forces headed by the secretary. Bureaucratic methods of the conservationist administration of the territory are said to be the cause of the emigration to Canada. Very sinister methods by the astute Canadian Government are alleged by the progressists of development. The attraction of natural resources is known to its friends. Probably President Harding will be dragged into the controversy before long, according to Washington despatches.

Alaska remains one of the few great wooded areas of the United States. Whether it will become treeless and a state, or remain green-clad and a territory, remains to be seen. Canada will be an interested spectator.

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Beg to announce that we now have in stock choice American yellow Corn, which we offer at close prices, either whole, cracked or ground.

We also handle Salt, Coal, Wood, Flour, Middlings, Crushed Oats, Hay, Crushed Oyster Shell, Oatmeal, Soap, Starch, Bluing, etc.

If you require Galvanized Iron, either for roofing and sheeting, it will pay you to get our prices before ordering, as we import same direct from the manufacturer.

We also have a few shares of stock in the Company unsold, which you can get at par at One Hundred Dollars per share, 25 per cent. down and the balance as called in at a later date. We do not anticipate calling in over 50 per cent., and buying one or more shares, as the Company is limited, each shareholder is only responsible for the amount of stock they subscribe for.

The business is a growing concern, having been conducted for over 45 years by Chas. Stevens, and we assure the public that the Company will be able to pay a handsome dividend. Drop in and see us and let us talk the matter over with you, as we have not paid one cent in premiums and furthermore do not intend to do so, so every subscriber gets in on the ground floor.

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A. J. Livingston, living near Ashland City, Tennessee, says "I feel like going from house to house and telling the people about Tanlac. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

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A chance to secure real bargains. Come with the crowd. Our sale is limited.

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Men's and Boys' Suits, 50 per cent. off.
Men's Overcoats and Mackinaw Coats, reg. $12, sale price $7.50
Men's all-wool Penman Underwear, reg. $4.00, sale price $2.
Separate shirts, sale price 75c.
Canadian Wool, reg. $3.00 suit, sale price, $1.50.
Penman's and Simpson's, reg. $2 suit, sale price, $1.50.
Men's every day shirts, sale price 75c. up.
Men's Sunday shirts, sale price 85c. up.
Men's Linen Collars, 3 for 25c.
Men's Mackinaw Sox, reg. $2.00 for $1.50 ; reg. $1.00 for 65c.
Men's and Boys' Caps from 50c up
Boys' Toques from 10c. up.
Men's and Boys' Sweater Coats 50 per cent. off.

**Ladies' Big Specials**

Ladies' Dress Skirts $1.50 up.
Ladies' and Girls' Sweaters, 50 per cent. off.
Ladies' Fleece Lined Underwear, reg. $2 suit, for $1.45.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists, reg. $6 for $3.25.
Ladies' Georgette Waists, reg. $6 for $3.25.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists, reg. $4.50 for $2.75.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists, reg. $3.50 for $2.45.
Children's Wool Scarf and Toque, reg. $2 for $1.25.

Children's Scarfs, reg. $1 for 50c, reg. 50c. for 25c.
Children's Serge Dresses $2 up.
Ladies' Wool Hose, reg. $1.50 for 75c., reg. $1.00 for 45c.
Children's Wool Hose, reg. $1.00 for 55c., reg. 75c. for 35c.
Ladies' Wool Gloves, reg. 25c. for 15c.
Ladies' Fleece Lined, reg. 50c. to $1, sale price 25c. to 35c.
Ladies' House Dresses, reg. $3.00 for $1.75, reg. $2.00 for $1.25.
Ladies' Allover Aprons, reg. $1.25 for 75c., reg. 75c. for 45c.
Apron Gingham, reg. 40c. for 25c, reg. 35c. for 20c.
2000 yards 36-inch White Flannelette, reg. 30c. for 17c. yard.
2000 yards 36-inch Colored Flannelette, reg. 30c. for 20c.
4000 yards 28-inch Colored, reg. 25c. for 14c.
2000 yards Cotton, 40-inch, sale price 15c.
White Cotton, 36-inch, reg. 25c. for 17c.
Dark Print, sale price 20c.
Light Print, sale price 15c.
Big stock of Corsets from 85c. up.
Flannelette Blankets, 12x4, reg. $4.00, sale price $2.75.
Flannelette Blankets, 11x4, reg. $3.00, at $2.25.
Sweater Yarn, reg. 25c., 2 for 25c.
Crochet Cotton, 8c. spool.

Numerous goods in our store, which makes it impossible to mention, go on sale at greatly reduced prices. Ask for anything you want—we may have it.

When in town drop in and see the cut prices we are offering to the public and surrounding country.

BUY AT MAKER'S, because we are in business to save you money during these hard times.

## MAKER'S Leading Bargain Store

## GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
Sunday, 11.45—Sunday School and adult classes.
Sunday, 7.00—Evening worship.
Rev. A. M. Irwin, B.A.,B.D., King St., Oshawa, will preach at both services.
Monday, 8.00—League meeting
Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week service.
Visitors are always welcome.

**Portland Cement.**

Carload fresh Portland Cement just arrived.

BOYLE & SON.

**Roman Meal.**

Is a delicious nutritious and easily digested food. A balanced human ration made from the whole berries of wheat and rye blended with flaxose and comminuted wheat bran. Roman meal is being demonstrated in our store. Come in and try it.

THOMPSON BROS.

**Important ! !**

A carload of the well-known "Peerless Woven Wire Fencing" arriving. Patronize your home town by buying your fencing here. We are in a position to meet the quotations of any mail order house, and give you the goods the same day.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

**Re-opening After Remodelling.**

After having her store remodelled MRS. J. SAGAR is now in a position to look after the needs of the ladies, both old and young, with a complete new stock of ladies' ready-to-wear. Serge Dresses, sizes from 12 to 18 years, for $8.50 ; exclusive styles in Ladies' Sporting Suits and Separate Coats ; also a good assortment of Crepe Meteor, Taffeta and Canton Crepe Dresses ; beautifully trimmed Tricolette Blouses in a large assortment of colors and styles.

Horse clippers in various styles at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

**Must Keep Special Guard.**

Acting under instructions received from the Attorney-General's department at Toronto, the authorities at the Kingston jail are taking no chances on the escape of Frederick Bryant, who is confined to that institution awaiting trial on the charge of murder. From the time that the Upton brothers and Bryant were taken to the jail, a special guard has been doing duty day and night and he will continue until the Bryant case is finally ended. When the three were taken to jail instructions were received from the department at Toronto to employ the special guard.

**Parish of Selby.**

Rector—Rev. C. T. E. Branch.
Third Sunday in Lent—March 19th, 1922.
Celebration Holy Communion, St. Jude's, Kingsford, 10.30 a.m. Subject of sermon, "The Child as the King's Messenger."
Evensong and sermon, St. John, Selby, 2.30 p.m. Subject of sermon, "Religion as Your Strengthener."
The weekly services will be as previously announced.
St. Jude's, Kingsford, Wednesday, at 7 p.m. Subject of sermon, "The Prayer Support."
St. John's, Selby, Friday, at 7 p.m. Subject of sermon, "Judas Iscariot."

Kodak developing and printing done promptly by our Toronto expert. No spoiled films, prices reasonable, terms strictly cash with order.—WALLACE'S Drug Store.

**Dr. A. E. Ross Remains Member For Kingston.**

The proceedings in the election protest have reached a halt and, while no official announcement has been made, it is learned definitely that the case will never come to trial. Dr. A. E. Ross, therefore, goes to Ottawa as representative for Kingston. When interviewed on Friday, Ambrose Shea, local counsel for the Liberal party, and T. J. Rigney, K.C., counsel for the Conservative party, were not prepared to make any statement regarding the case, which appears to have come to an abrupt end. This seems to satisfy the supporters of both political parties, more particularly the Conservative, who had most to lose ; and many who had reasons to feel apprehensive over the outcome of a trial are not disposed to regret the turn in the situation.

**Restoring Burned Forests.**

If fire had been kept out of Canada's forests for the past century, we might have cut all the timber that has been cut in that time and still have as much timber standing as when Confederation was consummated. That is to say, the annual growth would have been as great as the annual cut. But, because the annual growth has not been so great as the annual cut plus the losses through fire, our forests have been depleted. The first thing to do is to stop the ravages of fire, and the next thing is to get new forests growing on our agricultural lands. Canadian forests have wonderful recuperative powers, and, if these powers were assisted by natural and artificial seeding, and by planting, the tide would soon be turned, and the annual growth increased to a point where it would exceed the annual cut. The need for prompt action is not because Canada is in the midst of a timber famine now, but because it takes a tree half a century or more to reach a merchantable size, and, if famine is to be avoided, Canadians must exercise forethought.

The fact that Copalline Varnish dries hard and with a fine gloss, that water will not darken your floors, makes it the leading high grade varnish. For sale at WALLACE'S.

**DO YOU KNOW**

that the Delitor, enclosed with Butterick Patterns, and with Butterick Patterns only, you buy ⅞ to 1⅛ yard less, a saving of 50c. to $10 on material for every frock ?

**DO YOU KNOW**

that the Deltor guides you in putting your garment together so that you attain the elusive fit, drape and finish of an expert ?

**BEFORE** you plan a single new thing—come in and select from the latest Parisian fashions. The Deltor simplifies the making of the most intricate gowns and suggests the correct fabrics.

## JAMES WALTERS,

**MERCHANT TAILOR.**

## ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D. Pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week meeting for prayer and bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A. Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalen Church :

Mission services conducted by Rev. R. H. A. Haslam each evening until Thursday inclusive, at 7.45 p.m. Each morning at 8.30

SUNDAY MARCH 19th
10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

## MOUNT ARARAT ENCAMPMENT I. O. O. F.

A very pleasant evening was spent Monday night of last week by the members of Mount Ararat Encampment No. 16, I.O.O.F., in the lodge rooms of Napanee Lodge No. 86, I.O.O.F., when the District Deputy Grand Patriarch John Marshall, who is installing suite, visited the Encampment and installed the officers for the ensuing term.

Prior to installation seven candidates were introduced to the mysteries of the Patriarchal degree.

A delightful evening was spent and the proceedings terminated with a lunch served in the ball room, and the visitors expressed themselves as being delighted with their visit.

The officers for the Encampment for the ensuing term are as follows :

C. P.—E. R. Todd.
S.W.—A. D. Snider.
H.P.—C. S. Switzer.
R.S.—F. B. Mills.
Treas.—W. J. VanDusen.
J.W.—R. B. Thompson.
Guide—John Cline.
I.S.—John Wilson.
O.S.—A. J. Smith.
1st W.—F. W. Barrett.
2nd W.—J. R. Smith.
3rd W.—R. H. Benn.
4th W.—F. P. Smith.
1st Guard—E. B. Huyck.
2nd Guard.—C. H. Knight.

**Sap Supplies ! !**

Sap pans, buckets, spiles.
WILSON'S HARDWARE.

**The Market Grocery.**

In groceries we buy the best we can get ; in teas and coffee we have quality, at prices that will appeal to you ; vegetable and flower seeds, from United States, English and Canadian growers, any orders placed with our representative, Mr. Hartman, who will canvas this district, will have our careful and prompt attention.

THOMPSON BROS.

**Young People's Annual.**

The Young People's Annual services will be held in the S. A. Hall, Sunday, March the 19th. On Monday evening, March 20th, the annual entertainment and presentation of prizes will be held. An interesting programme of recitations, songs and dialogues has been arranged. Be sure and come.

**Matches and Fires.**

There is a fascination about fire and especially about the burning of a match for the smallest child. A child uses matches carelessly because they are placed where he or she can readily get them, and because children use matches constantly handled in a careless fashion by their parents. Deputy Fire Marshall Lewis, Ontario.

**The Fund Still Open.**

Contributions for the relief of the famine stricken children of Russia are still being received by the local branch of the Dominion Bank. This is an exceedingly worthy object and should meet with a ready response. A large number of small contributions will help wonderfully in swelling the total of the fund.

**Holsteins.**

Prince Edward County Holstein Breeders are offering 40 head, mostly females, at the Annual Consignment Sale, THURSDAY, MARCH 23rd, 1922. This is an exceptionally good offering from among the best breeders of the County. Holstein men are invited to spend the day in Picton, as there are sure to be bargains in Holsteins. Send for catalogue to D. N. Forster, Bloomfield ; or to A. P. MacVannel, Picton, Ont.

## TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
The Sunday school and bible class at close of morning service.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Monday, 7.30—Young People's Union.
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer and praise service.

**SOME GIANTS.**

**Very Tall Woman Was Native of Nova Scotia.**

There is little or no warrant in history or in archaeology for the supposition that the older races were much taller or more powerful than are those of the present day. We are limited in our conception of the truth of Pliny's description of the Arabian giants by a due realization of the probable imagination of the narrator.

The average present height of the human race is about sixty-five inches, but the average is produced by measuring both the races which are exceedingly tall and excessively short. The so-called gigantic races, of which the Scots of Galloway still stand at the head, are offset by the little peoples of central Africa, but one century with another and one geological period with another, the same thing probably has been largely true.

A few individuals have exceeded nine feet, according to authenticated records, but they have invariably been freaks, and do not justify the claim now set forth by the alleged discoverers of a graveyard in America filled with petrified giants, that a race of giants ever walked the earth.

The giant legend is probably derived from the same source as the notion that everything deteriorates as time runs on. It is of one piece with the pessimistic idea that virtue and happiness and good works of every sort have been declining ever since the world was young.

It was at first supposed that the first men on earth were necessarily tall and mighty, because it also was supposed that everything was going down hill. "There were giants in those times" was in reality a way of saying that men were not as great as they previously had been.

But a more modern view is that the stature of races is due, not only to nature, but to nurture, and it is recognized that man was never so well nurtured as he is to-day. It is infinitely more probable that man in the distant future will be a giant than that such ever existed in a previous age.

The recent revival of the petrified giant industry in the United States recalls the story of the monstrous fraud perpetrated on the American public during the year 1869 when people were led to believe that a 10-foot man had once lived and was buried near the little village of Cardiff in New York State.

The idea had its inception out in Fort Dodge, Iowa, when an adventurous showman purchased a huge block of gypsum from a quarryman of that place. The block then was shipped to Chicago, it being taken in charge by a sculptor, who chiselled it into a 10-foot giant. The surface was pricked with needles to give the appearance of pores in the human skin, and then treated with a variety of acids which made the entire stature appear of ancient origin.

After completion the giant was securely packed in an iron box and shipped to Union, New York, where the owner claimed it, loaded the bulky box upon a large wagon, and hauled it fifty miles to a farm near Cardiff. The giant form was then removed from the box and secretly buried, remaining under the ground nearly a year, until it was "accidentally" discovered by some workmen who had been engaged to dig a well by the promoter of the fraud.

This great discovery was made on October 16th, 1869, and news of the wonderful petrified giant spread all over the country. The lucky finders covered it with a tent and put it on exhibition, while special trains were run from New York City and other near-by points so that the clamoring multitudes could see the astonishing remains at the earliest opportunity.

Until the deception was discovered it is estimated that more than 50,000 persons jostled each other in order to view the wonder, paying a dollar apiece for the remarkable privilege.

But, passing on from this greatest hoax, it is found that the late Captain Bates, a native of Kentucky, was probably the tallest of modern American giants, although his 8-foot height was slightly exceeded by that of Anna Swan, a native of Nova Scotia. A recent visitor to the United States and Canada, Johann Van Albert, of Amsterdam, Holland, is said to have the distinction of being the tallest man who ever entered this country. He is described as being 8 feet 5 inches in height and is now in the "show business."

Going further back into giant history we find a race exceeded by that head porter was 7 feet 6 inches high, probably being given this exalted position on account of his ability to see what was going on at all times.

Among royalty itself it is claimed that one of the Roman emperors was nearly nine feet high, but the measurements of those days may have allowed him considerable more height than he would be entitled to at this time, though—no doubt he was a person of great stature for history to make note of the fact.

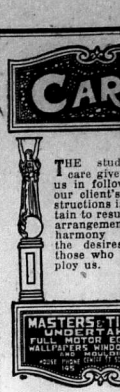
**Nonchalance.**

Farmer Houston, out of pity, gave a strange boy a job. In the afternoon the farmer was walking across one of his fields, when he thought he would go and see what the boy was doing. He found him lying on the grass under a tree, smoking a cigarette. "Well," he said, "what are you doing—resting?" The youth took the cigarette from his lips, and answered, "No, guv'nor, I'm not resting, 'cause I'm not tired. I'm just lyin' here waitin' for the sun to go down, so I can leave work!"

**"God Save the King."**

The first public performance of "God Save the King" took place in 1740, the occasion being the celebration of the capture of Porto Bello in South America by Admiral Vernon. It was sung by its composer, Henry Carey, who also wrote "Sally in our Alley."

## CARE



THE studious care given by us in following our client's instructions is certain to result in arrangements in harmony with the desires of those who employ us.

MASTERS & TIERNEY
UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
MANUFACTURERS OF CASKETS AND MOULDINGS
PHONE 35 NIGHT OFFICE PHONE 35

## WONDERLAND

**For entertainment of the better sort.**

**WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY**

United Artists present Mack Sennett's big special 5-reel Comedy, "DOWN ON THE FARM."
Also next episode of our wonder serial, "BREAKING THROUGH"
And a 2-reel Jimmy Aubrey Comedy, "MULES MORTGAGED."

**FRIDAY and SATURDAY**

Beautiful Viola Dana in one of her best features, "THE OFF SHORE PIRATE."
Also next episode of Eddie Polo in "DO OR DIE."
And a 2-reel Hall Room Boys Comedy.

**MONDAY and TUESDAY**
**Big Double Show.**

Associated First National Pictures present a 6-reel special, "UNSEEN FORCES."
And another big feature.
Also a 2-reel Christie Comedy.

**Regular Admission.**

**GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.**

## EMPIRE CAFE

**John St., Napanee**

Breakfast, 6.30.
Dinner, 11.30 to 2.30.
Supper, 5.30 to 7.30.

**Lunches at all hours.**

**Special Price for Meals 45 Cents.**

**Meals by the week, $6.00.**

**FIRST-CLASS COOKING GOOD SERVICE**

**We sell Combination Meal Tickets $5.50 worth for $5.00.**

**ESKIMO PIE**

City Dairy make, at CATON'S 10 Cents. 8d

**Aladdin Lamps !**

Two styles, Stand or Hanging. Price reduced. Headquarters at Wallace's Drug Store. For sale by

FRED RUSSELL,
Selby.

**Notice.**

International Harvesting Company makes $300.00 drop on Farm Tractors 8-16. Tractor and 2 bottom Plow $775.00; 10-20 Titan and 3 bottom Plow $825.00. These Tractors can be bought on 3 pays. These prices are good only until May 1st.

SPENCER & ROSE.
15-d Market Hotel.

HAVE YOU TRIED THE NEW

## EAST-END BARBER SHOP

Everything New and Up-to-Date.
Skilled Workmanship
MODERATE PRICES.
Opposite Harshaw Block

**J. E. BROWN, Prop.**

**BRING YOUR**

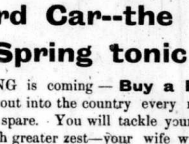
## Old Newspapers

—to—

## The Gibbard Furniture Factory.

**Tie them up into bundles, and turn them into good money.**

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen for sale at WALLACE'S.



## A Ford Car--the best Spring tonic

SPRING is coming — **Buy a Ford.** Get out into the country every minute you can spare. You will tackle your business with greater zest—your wife will forget the monotony of house work—your children will lose their town pallor and have the time of their lives.

It's easy to buy a Ford our way. Come in and let us give you full particulars of our deferred payment plan.

Ford

## PAUL & SMITH

**FORD DEALERS**

# LUMBER

## SPECIAL

**IF YOU WISH TO BUILD A**

## NEW HOME or FARM BUILDINGS

**You Should Consult Us.**

**During the next few weeks prices for Lumber and Labour will be lower than next spring**

## Plans and Estimates Free

**Mixed Car Lots of Building Supplies at Lowest Prices you can obtain.**

## W. D. MIDMER,

**'Phones 14, 123. NAPANEE, ONT.**

BAYER
Aspirin
Nothing Else is Aspirin—say "Bayer"

Warning! Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Why take chances? Accept only an unbroken "Bayer" package which contains directions worked out by physicians during 21 years and proved safe by millions for Colds, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and Pain. Made in Canada. All druggists sell Bayer Tablets of Aspirin in handy tin boxes of 12 tablets, and in bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, "the "Bayer Cross."

# NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

## Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

### The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

**TUESDAY.**

Murder carnival continues in Belfast city.

Genoa Conference will open on April 10.

Egypt to have a king when British withdraws.

Lloyd George will hold resignation in abeyance.

Valera's troops are still in possession of Limerick.

Two men and boy injured by three automobiles in Toronto.

Governments in Europe are to back financial consortium.

British House of Commons gives force of law to Irish treaty.

Thorold baker has his shop blown to atoms by his competitors.

Ulster members quit British House when closure adopted.

N.H.L. play-off dates are March 11 at Toronto and 13th at Ottawa.

"Babe" Ruth's salary is said to be in excess of $75,000 per year.

Aura Lee beat St. Mary's, 4 to 2, in first of O. H. A. junior finals.

Count Joe Wright of Pennsylvania will have eight crews in competition.

Impressive tributes from citizens mark the obsequies of Brantford's mayor.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS
E. J. POLLARD.
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.
Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents
Fleet St., London, E.C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
Phones—Office 46, Residence 125
Office—Dundas St., NAPANEE

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Office—Merchant's Bank Chambers, NAPANEE.
Money to Loan.
Phones—Office 93, Residence 123

W. G. WILSON,
Barrister
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83
OFFICE—North Side Dundas St., Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN
Barrister and Solicitor
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John 26m Street, Napanee

J. M. SIMPSON,
Barrister-at-Law.
Law office over Hydro Electric Store, Napanee, Ont.
Dundas St.

SEVERLEY R. SIMPSON, B.A.
Barrister-at-Law.
57 Queen St., West
TORONTO

Hon. Mr. Fielding issues a statement on results of visit to Washington.

A pool of blood found near the scene of the mysterious tragedy at Bridgeburg.

Orangemen of Ontario gather at Simcoe for Grand Chapter of Royal Black Knights.

Conservative caucus at Ottawa acclaims Mr. Meighen and adjourns discussion of party issue.

An inquest opened into the death of nine-year-old Dorothy Kauf, who was hit and killed by an automobile in Toronto.

The joint executives of the Industrial Federation of Trade Unions of South Africa have called a general sympathetic strike in support of the coal miners.

**WEDNESDAY.**

Irish insurgents hold Limerick still.

Britain's giant airships will be sold.

Canadiens defeated St. Patrick's, 8 to 7.

Five deaths result from tornado in Georgia.

Labour speaks for coalition Government.

Sarnia will likely have a new arena next winter.

Imposition of martial law imminent in Ulster.

Intercity and Provincial Soccer Leagues may unite.

Lord's Day Alliance refuses to demand an inquiry into "that party" in Lord's Park, Ireland, laid off 500 men.

Italian Commissioner throws blockade about Fiume.

St. Christopher's won the Toronto midget basketball title.

Conservative caucus decides to drop portion of hyphenated name.

Floods caused by spring freshet do damage in Grand River Valley.

Dr. Hubert Work succeeds W. Hays as U. S. Postmaster-General.

An inquest is ordered on the death by shooting of Horace King at Muskoka.

Members of Stefansson's party charge that explorer has libelled them.

Serious charges against Hamilton storekeeper made by his wife at fire probe.

Rank and file of Conservatives in the Old Country fall in line with Mr. Balfour.

Spectators at Owen Sound murder case rouse ire of judge, who orders an arrest.

Hon. Howard Ferguson tells Government he objects to Shevlin-Clarke settlement.

Dr. J. B. Turner, principal of the Hamilton Collegiate Institute, dropped dead on Tuesday.

**THURSDAY.**

Cheboygan, Mich., was swept by fire.

England swept by an 108-mile-per hour wind.

A strike in Copenhagen stops Danish sailings.

Iroquois Falls defeated Kitchener intermediates, 9 to 2.

Lord Rawlinson refuses to reduce British army in India.

Fire losses in Canada amounted to $5.22 per capita in 1921.

United States refuses invitation to attend Genoa Conference.

Indian Government urges Britain to restore Islamic Empire.

Murder verdict returned by jury in the Bridgeburg mystery.

Senator Lodge appeals for ratification of Four-power Treaty.

Irish Free State bill receives third reading in British Commons.

Fort William won from Brandon, 8 to 5, in the Allan Cup series.

Hamilton beat Ottawa, 7 to 2, in the last scheduled N.H.L. game.

Owen Sound murder trial suddenly ends owing to juror's indiscretion.

Conservatives will form the official Opposition in the new Parliament.

British Cabinet decides against direct contribution to Russian relief.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux is the new Speaker of the House of Commons.

Premier acclaimed by new House of Commons at opening ceremonies.

Dominion Alliance in convention plans to go after "master bootleggers."

The Norwegian steamer Grontoft went down with all hands in mid-Atlantic.

Convention of Ontario Branch of the Dominion Alliance meets in Massey Hall, Toronto.

A battle royal was held in streets of Genoa between the Fascisti and Socialists elements.

Hon. A. B. Hudson, Independent Progressive, has been allotted a seat on the Government side of the House.

**FRIDAY.**

Russia's Premier makes a new statement.

Sudbury Wolves beat the Grimsby All Stars, 4 to 1.

Three boys escape from Mimico Industrial School.

The United States Senate will oppose naval reductions.

South African Government will mobilize troops for Rand.

The new British budget may show a saving of $70,000,000.

Edwin Montagu, Secretary of State for India, asked to resign.

Hon. Mr. Raney defends his action regarding "last night" party.

Second mysterious fire occurs in Dominion Arsenal at Quebec.

Aaron Sapiro talks on co-operative marketing to Toronto audience.

Investigators of Nova Scotian ghost will try new bait for spooks.

Dates are announced for various Canadian titular golf tournaments.

"Summer time" will be effective in France from March 25 to October 7.

Two Quebec farmers lose barns and other buildings by a snowslide.

Hamilton man is acquitted of the charge of robbing Catholic Register.

The Irish Free State bill is read for the first time in the House of Lords.

Speech from throne forecasts legislation in fulfilment of Liberal pledges.

Aura Lee won the O.H.A. junior title, beating St. Mary's, 6 to 4, on the round.

Tottenham Hotspur won the postponed English Cup game from Cardiff, 2 to 1.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, may be made Home Secretary.

A Toronto woman repeats assertion that Grace, the missing daughter of William Link, of London, is in Hamilton convent.

A two-year-old Holstein heifer, owned by W. D. Wright, of Brockville, won the Canadian championship for butter in a seven-day test.

**SATURDAY.**

More Nationalist intrigues in India discovered.

George Pepper resigns from Winter Fair Board.

Indian Government arrests Mahatma Gandhi.

Lloyd George leaves for a long holiday in Wales.

Lockout in the British engineering industry is inevitable.

Railway officials report general increase in freight traffic.

Metropolitan racing season opens at Jamaica, May 3 to 24.

Allied Ministers in conference in Paris on Germany's reparations.

The Ontario branch, Dominion Alliance, concludes its convention.

Search for Grace Link not yet successful in locating missing girl.

Edwin Montagu, dismissed Minister, will hold campaign meetings.

World's five-man team bowling record of 1,243 was made at Cleveland.

Granites, Toronto, beat Iroquois Falls in Allan Cup elimination, 3 to 1.

Bobby Ebor, Hamilton, knocked out Jack Rose, Toronto, in the fifth round.

Presbyterian Church says help for missions needed in North Honan, China.

Premier King is told what veterans of Canada need for re-establishment.

Lieut. Bruce of the Seaforth Highlanders was murdered in the streets of Dublin.

Fort William eliminated Brandon Allan Cup round, Brandon won last night by 2 to 1.

The Lord's Day Alliance refuses to demand an inquiry into "that party" in Lord's Park, Davenport road, Toronto. The following bulletin was issued by family physicians late Sunday night:

"Sir John is holding his own, though his condition is still very critical."

Some four weeks ago, Sir John suffered an attack of influenza while on a business trip to New York. He returned to Toronto to put himself under doctor's orders. Up till ten days ago his condition was improving, and he appeared to be well on the road to complete recovery. A week ago Thursday he suffered a relapse, which was followed by general infection.

He appeared to be holding his own until last Wednesday, when his condition became more serious. Since that time there has been practically no change. Members of the family have been in constant attendance, and his condition has been such as to cause grave anxiety.

**MONDAY.**

Gandhi, Indian rebel leader, is under arrest.

Aura Lee juniors eliminated Iroquois Falls 9-2.

Six hundred casualties in South African mine fighting.

United States Government against Fordney Bonus Bill.

A crowd at Cork, Ireland, howl down Michael Collins.

Professor of psychic research has laid Nova Scotia ghost.

Archie Thomson's body found on the beach near Oakville.

H. H. Roxborough was elected president of the T.A.B.A.

President Harding will keep mines running in bituminous area.

McGill gymnasts defeated the U. of T. team by four points.

Bishop Fallon explains the school question to Labor audience.

Will of Grace Link's sister provides estate for missing girl.

Five Toronto persons badly injured in accident near Hamilton.

Striking miners on Rand, South Africa, fight Government forces.

Many horses perish in fire that threatens village of Newmarket.

Messrs. Pardee and Boyer are appointed to the Dominion Senate.

Auto thrown into river near Ford and occupants pinned underneath.

Liverpool is almost certain to win the English League First Division.

Only two Canadian university boxers won through the R. S. Naval Cadets.

St. Patrick's won the first play-off game for the N.H.L. title from Ottawa.

Saskatchewan Premier says natural resources compromise is not accepted.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lent, of Port Perry, celebrated their diamond wedding on Saturday.

Forgetting his car was in gear, Louis Shankman, Toronto, cranked his car, which ran into post, killing him.

Edwin S. Montagu defends publication of Indian Viceroy's despatch, in speech before Liberal Club at Cambridge.

**Skyscraper In Berlin.**

LONDON, March 13.—The first skyscraper, twenty stories high, is about to be erected in Berlin. The building permit for it has been granted. The structure will stand on the Friedrich Strasse, near where that street crosses the Spree. The tallest building in Berlin was originally five stories high. This is the first modern building of this style of the German capital.

**Twelve Men Sent to Prison.**

SYDNEY, N.S., March 13.—Twelve men, convicted on various charges in connection with the liquor traffic at New Aberdeen, were sentenced to terms in Dorchester Penitentiary, at the conclusion of the criminal term of the Supreme Court here, Saturday. The court has been sitting for about three weeks, hearing the cases which arose from the looting of a Dominion Coal Company store from which goods valued at $80,000 were carried off.

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HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by catarh. We do not recommend it for any other disease.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a liquid, taken internally, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions.

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ROYAL YEAST CAKES
RICH IN VITAMINES
MADE IN CANADA
The importance of Vitamines in food is being recognized at the present time to a greater extent than ever before. It has been conclusively demonstrated that yeast is rich in this all important element. Many people have received great benefit physically simply by taking one, two or three Royal Yeast Cakes a day. Send name and address for free copy "Royal Yeast Cakes for Better Health."
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, CANADA MONTREAL

## SIR JOHN EATON ILL.

### Well-known Merchant Is "Holding His Own."

TORONTO, March 13.—Sir John C. Eaton, president of the T. Eaton Company, Ltd., is critically ill at his residence, 97 Bloor street, Davenport road, Toronto. The following bulletin was issued by family physicians late Sunday night:

"Sir John is holding his own, though his condition is still very critical."

Some four weeks ago, Sir John suffered an attack of influenza while on a business trip to New York. He returned to Toronto to put himself under doctor's orders. Up till ten days ago his condition was improving, and he appeared to be well on the road to complete recovery. A week ago Thursday he suffered a relapse, which was followed by general infection.

He appeared to be holding his own until last Wednesday, when his condition became more serious. Since that time there has been practically no change. Members of the family have been in constant attendance, and his condition has been such as to cause grave anxiety.

## BRIGHT BLOSSOMS DOOMED.

### Scientists Think That Flowers May Lose Colour.

Because of a strange change that is taking place in nature, there may come a time in the future when all our flowers will lose their colors and every bright blossom will be transformed into a dull, unattractive weed.

Remarkable as this may seem, it is believed by botanists to be on the way to accomplishment. It is due to an extraordinary development in the habits of two flower-seeking ants—the hawkweed—which have been found to be "sexless" plants, and have started on a downward era.

What this hopeless end is like. The early flowers had two means of producing their kind. One was by means of pollen carried either by the wind or by insects to another blossom, where fertilization took place. The alternative method of propagation was made possible because the plants could part themselves in half and continue so doing. Now both the dandelion and the hawkweed have reverted to the latter methods. They have lost their "sex."

But what has this to do with a flower's color?

Contrary to what we believe, the colorings on every flower were developed originally by the plant, not to please the artistic eye of man, but to help it to multiply and spread.

The color was a lure to insects, without whose aid the plants could not go on with the business of propagation. Something had to be done to attract insects to the flower, so the latter developed gaudy colorings whose imitation could not be resisted. Thus when an insect left one flower it was drawn to another, perhaps differently colored, and in its passage it took the pollen with it.

The effect of these new habits of the dandelion and hawkweed is far-reaching. With the discovery that the aid of insects is no longer necessary they will proceed literally to lose their color.

But this loss of color will not be confined to these two varieties of plant-life alone. In all probability these "pioneers" will go on flourishing and spreading to an enormous extent, and very soon other plants will find it necessary to follow suit if they are to keep pace with them. Thus, when all plant life has become "sexless," each flower will shed its brightness for a duller garb.

This may mean a return to the state of things at the very beginning of the existence of flowers.

Soon after plants were born upon the earth they took on a green tint. There were vast expenses of green stuff without one solitary splash of color. It was almost impossible to distinguish one variety from another.

Then came the yellow age, when all the petals were turned from green to yellow. This was followed by another distinct period of color, probably white. Later still came the age of red, which was followed by that of blue. Finally, nature having exhausted its storehouse of variety, there came a spate of all colors.

Famous botanists have been investigating the peculiarities of the dandelion and hawkweed, and they declare this is the most important development in plant life since the introduction of flowers to the earth. It is even declared that it means the beginning of the end of plant life, which will ultimately be completely exterminated, and that people of the future may look back with envy upon us and point to this as the "age of flowers."

## GHANDI UNDER ARREST

### Outbreaks of Violence Feared in India.

### Chief Nationalist Leader Wants His Countrymen to Gain Their Ends by "Passive and Peaceful Means" Tribesmen Armed With Primitive Weapons Tried to Rebel and Were Subdued.

LONDON, March 13.—The British Government has taken full military precautions to cope with possible outbreaks of violence attending the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi, chief Nationalist leader.

Twenty-two Indian tribesmen were killed and 29 wounded, says a Reuter despatch from Delhi, when Government troops repulsed an attack by several thousand natives, under a chieftain named Mandi Lal, in the Idar district, on March 3.

The tribesmen were armed with bows and arrows, guns, spears, swords and various other forms of native defence. The tribesmen are reported to have started a battle when they surrounded a detachment of Government troops.

In the course of a speech at Delhi on Friday, the Pandit Maviaviya declared the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi, the non-co-operationist leader, was a great blunder on the part of the Indian Government.

The Indian Moderates appear to be gaining strength, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Calcutta. They are endeavoring to carry out the principles of Gandhi, despite the opposition of the extremists.

Prior to his arrest at Ahmedrad, were he was editing a Nationalist newspaper, Gandhi issued a public appeal to the people to remain quiet and to carry on the non-co-operationist program with "clockike regularity and with the speed of the Punjar express."

Gandhi said he thought that the people could gain reforms through peaceful and passive means of resistance more quickly than they can if they attempt to make war.

The appeal is said to be public to remain calm, "as we shall show no regard for Gandhi either by observing a harial or going mad," was issued at Bombay by the Congress Committee. The committee requests that the natives refrain from invoking a hartal and maintain "a peaceful, cordial attitude toward all."

Apart from the non-co-operation movement, which is most active in the United Provinces, says a Reuter despatch from Delhi, the worst feature of the Indian situation is the unrest among the Sikhs in the Province of Punjab.

The political movement seeking the re-establishment of Sikh supremacy in Punjab is becoming considerably mixed up with an internal religious quarrel over the guardianship of the shrines. Many members of this militant religious sect are enrolling as volunteers in the Akali Fanj, which is a political military force armed and equipped on the latest sporting guns. Rebellious activities in this organization are increasing daily, owing to the appeal made to the worst passions of the Sikhs by the non-co-operation agitators. The latter's propaganda has also found fertile ground farther south in the Deccan, where Mahratta members of the Bhils over local grievances are being worked upon by followers of Gandhi. Open rebellion has culminated in the organization of an army under the notorious extremist, Moti Lal, consisting of several thousand men armed with guns, swords and bows and arrows. This force collided a few days ago with a Government force of Bhils, the engagement resulting in the defeat of the latter, who dispersed.

Another source of anxiety to the Government of India is the large number of civil servants retiring prematurely owing to discontent with present conditions, the improved consideration being the insults and dangers to which their wives and families are daily being subjected.

Rendering the visit of the Prince of Wales' tour of India, Reuter's special correspondent accompanying the prince, says in a despatch from Jamshedpur, India, that the best informed quarter unanimously agree that the tour was very much appreciated, as the reception given the prince then seemed possible in the face of the political agitation.

The correspondent adds: "The loyalty of India to the British crown has been put to the acid test at a critical period and has proved to be still of the highest quality of all races of India. The personality of the prince made a tremendous impression. Sport amounts almost to a worship in India and the prowess of the prince in riding, shooting, hunting and polo, coupled with his magnetic charm and wonderful virility have proved an immense asset to the prince."

### Says Monarchy Will Return.

Regensburg, Bavaria, March 13.—The leader of the Bavarian People's Party in the Reichstag, Representative Held, publishes in his newspaper, the Regensburger Anzeiger, that the monarchy will soon return. Herr Held writes: "We have republican state machinery controlled by people, among whom you can scarcely find a Republican with a magnifying glass. We have a landtag in which the majority openly praises a limited monarchy. The current form of government is going to ruin, and will leave the monarchy to replace it. Wait. Time will work for a monarchy."

League proposes to cut armies of European powers.

Tenant farmers of northwestern States are anxious to homestead in Canada.

### Fell Down Mine Shaft.

TIMMINS, Ont., March 13.—Mike Hadenchuck, a young Austrian, was instantly killed on Friday, when he stumbled and fell a distance of 125 feet down a shaft in the McIntyre Mine, where he was employed. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of death due to neglect in violation of mining rules, the evidence showing that Hadenchuck had evidently left both doors in the shaft wide open. He is supposed to have dumped a car load of ore down one chute and turning stumbled and fell through the other door, which should have been closed.

## GHOST HUNTER RETURNS

### But Has Not Yet Told Solution of Mystery.

HALIFAX, N.S., March 13. — Dr. Walter Franklin Prince, investigating officer of the American Institute of Psychic Research, has laid the Caledonia ghost to his own satisfaction. This much is conceded by those who were instrumental in bringing the widely-known expert on matters of psychic to Nova Scotia. But what manner of ghost it was which drove the Alexander Macdonald family out of their home in the dead of winter, took liberties with the Macdonald cattle, and subsequently played phantom pranks with a provincial detective and a newspaper reporter, bent on interviewing him, is a matter, it is announced, that will remain a dark secret until the doctor tells it otherwise.

Those closest to the doctor hereabout are of the opinion that the world will know about this particular ghost early this week, probably on the arrival of Dr. Prince in Halifax. In the meantime extraordinary precautions are being taken to prevent anticipation of the Prince's report. Members of his party are under orders to say nothing, and were not allowed to leave the house. Dan MacGillivray, a neighbor, drove over to the Macdonald homestead on Saturday and said that a member of the party was wanted on the long distance telephone by the Halifax Herald, under whose auspices the expedition was undertaken, but he was told by the doctor that the call should not be accepted.

The sole occupant of the mystery house Sunday night was Dr. Prince, Dan McRitchie and Harold McWhidden, reporter of the Halifax Herald, having left at a late hour for the home of Gordon Boyle, where they spent the night under close mutual guard.

Dr. Prince said Sunday:

"The world looks to me for a solution of the 'ghost' who is blamed for the starting of the many mysterious fires. I cannot yet provide that solution. To-morrow, I hope to. I have tried all the recipes for coaxing out spooks that I know, without result. Every human agency has failed—the spirit world has failed. When I say my prayers late to-night, I will say, 'I pray the Lord will bring a spook'."

## PARDEE IN SENATE.

### Two Appointments Made By the King Government.

OTTAWA, March 13.—F. F. Pardee, former Liberal member of Parliament for West Lambton, Ont., and Gustave Boyer, re-elected on Dec. 6 last, as member of the Vaudreuil-Soulanges riding of Quebec, have been summoned to the Senate. Senator Pardee fills the vacancy caused by the death of the late Senator Clark, and Senator Boyer that created by the death of the late Senator Arthur Boyer. These two appointments bring the Senate representation to full strength and reduce the Conservative majority in the Senate by two, the late Senator Milne having been appointed by the Borden Government, while the late Senator Boyer was a Liberal.

The new Quebec Senator has been in the House of Commons since 1904, when he was first elected at the general election of that year. Senator Pardee was a member of the Ontario House from 1898 to 1902, and came to the Commons by means of a by-election in 1905, subsequently being re-elected at the general elections of 1908, 1911 and 1917. In the latter case he carried the seat against Colonel Boyer, who one of the first to leave the Union Government benches and cross the floor to the Liberal side of the House. He unsuccessfully contested West Lambton in the recent Federal election.

Senator Pardee was elected chief Liberal whip in November, 1909, and continued in that office until 1917.

The new Ontario Senator is a barrister residing at Sarnia, Ont.

McCORMICK'S JERSEY CREAM SODAS
You will always enjoy the rare flavor of
—and for food value their only rival is bread.
McCORMICK'S JERSEY CREAM SODA BISCUITS

## THE MARKETS

**TORONTO MARKETS.**

**Manitoba Wheat (in store Ft. William).**
No. 1 northern, $1.56.

**Manitoba Oats (in store Ft. William).**
No. 2 C.W., 48½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 56½c.
No. 1 feed, 57½c.

**Manitoba Barley (in store Ft. William).**
No. 3 C.W., nominal.

**American Corn (Track, Toronto, Prompt Shipment.)**
No. 2 yellow, 76½c.
No. 3 yellow, 74½c.
No. 4 yellow, 73½c.

**Ontario Oats.**
No. 2 white, nominal.

**Ontario Wheat (f.o.b. Shipping Points, According to Freights.)**
Nominal.

**Barley (According to Freights Outside)**
No. 3 extra, 57c to 60c.

**Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside.)**
No. 2, 78c to 80c.

**Rye.**
No. 2, 86c to 88c.

**Manitoba Flour.**
First patents, nominal.

**Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipments.)**
90 per cent. patents, nominal.

**Millfeed (Car Lots Delivered.)**
Bran, per ton, $28 to $30.
Shorts, $30 to $32.
Feed flour, $1.70 to $1.80.

**Baled Hay.**
Extra No. 2, $22 to $23.
Mixed, $18.
Clover, $14 to $18.

**Straw.**
Car lots, per ton, $12.50 to $13.

**Unofficial Business on Ontario No. 2 commercial wheat, $1.30 to $1.35, outside.**

Ontario No. 3 oats, 40c to 45c, outside.
Ontario corn, 83c to 86c, outside.
Manitoba flour—1st patents, in cotton sacks, $8.70 per barrel; 2nd patents, $8.20.

## CATTLE MARKETS

**TORONTO LIVE STOCK.**

TORONTO, March 13.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards last night, for to-day's market were 134 cars—Cattle, 2,448; calves, 352; hogs, 3,819; sheep, 146.

**BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.**

BUFFALO, N.Y., March 13.—Cattle receipts, 100; steady.
Calves, 140; 50c higher; $3 to $11.50.
Hogs, 2,400; slow; 10c to 15c lower; heavy, $11 to $11.20; mixed, $11.20 to $11.75; yorkers, $11.75; light do., $11 to $11.25; pigs, $10.75; roughs, $9.25 to $9.50; stags, $4 to $6.
Sheep and lambs, 2,500; steady, unchanged.

**WINNIPEG LIVE STOCK.**

WINNIPEG, March 13. — Receipts last night, 20 cattle and 35 hogs. There were no sufficient offerings on the cattle list to warrant quotations. Ontario No. 2 commercial wheat, $1.30 to $1.35, outside.

The hog market maintained a steady tone at $11 for selects.

There was no trading on the sheep and lamb market due to lack of receipts.

**CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.**

CHICAGO, March 13.—Cattle receipts, 40 to 15c higher; common and medium grades, 25c to 40c lower.

Hogs, 7,000; light, 10c to 15c lower; others, steady to 10c lower than Friday's average; better grades, fairly active; bulk of sales, $10.90 to $11.10; shippers bought about 1,000; holdings moderate; top light bulk, $11.15 to $11.25; pigs about steady, bulk desirable, 10c to 15c lower, $9.25 to $9.50, with stronger weights up to $10 and $10.25.

Sheep, 8,000; to-day's receipts, practically all unsold; fat lambs, strong to 25c higher, with a week ago; best handyweights, fat lambs, $14.50; shearing lambs, $13.50; steady; yearlings and weights, $12.50 to $13; sheep, steady to 25c higher; matured sheep mostly $6 up.

## Old Homestead Burned.

OTTAWA, March 13. — The old homestead of the Skead family, for many years a beauty spot on the Aylmer road, was almost totally destroyed by fire, which broke out early Sunday morning and caused damage estimated at between $25,000 and $30,000. The property had recently been purchased by a syndicate of Ottawa residents, and had been incorporated into a company, known as the Homestead Inn Company, Ltd., and was to have been opened as a summer military club, which was to have opened about the end of the month.

## A Devoted Maori Father.

A pathetic story of a Maori father is told by Mr. Rex Hunter, who was born and grew up among the Maori. Mr. Hunter says that when he went riding, Koru, who did odd jobs round the place, and who rode a pony that he called Polo, came along as a sort of attendant. But his attitude was different from that of an English groom; instead of dubbing him "Mr." or "Sir," he always called Mr. Hunter by his first name. While he was sojourning in the South Seas, during an absence from New Zealand, a letter from Mr. Hunter's sister informed him of Koru's death. He had contracted smallpox. In replying, Mr. Hunter referred to Koru, without contention that the dead are never actually dead so long as the living remember them. In simple words, Mr. Hunter's sister told that fact in her letter to Ben, the father of the dead boy, and the thought seemed to impress him deeply. In her next letter the sister wrote: Yesterday I went with Ben to put flowers on Koru's grave. Ben talked as if he boy could hear him. He said, "Well, Koru, here we are come to see you. We no forget you. You no dead while we remember you, Koru. Polo, the pony, all right, and wonder where you are. Every little while we come to see you." And then as we left he said, 'Goo'-by, Koru. You no dead while we remember."

# THE LIGHT IN THE CLEARING

## A TALE OF THE NORTH COUNTRY IN THE TIME OF SILAS WRIGHT

By

## IRVING BACHELLER

AUTHOR OF
EBEN HOLDEN, D'RI AND I, DARRIS OF THE RUSSIAN RIVER, KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE, ETC., ETC.

### CHAPTER XVII.

**I Start in a Long Way.**

We reached Canton at six o'clock in the evening of a beautiful summer day. I went at once to call upon the Dunkelbergs and learned from a man at work in the dooryard that they had gone away for the summer. How keen was my disappointment! I went to the tavern and got my supper and then over to Asbery lane to see Michael Hacket and his family. I found the schoolmaster playing his violin.

"Now God be praised—here is Bart!" he exclaimed as he put down his instrument and took my hand in his. "I've heard, my boy, how bravely ye've weathered the capes an' I'm proud o' ye—that I am!"

I wondered what he meant for a second and then asked:

"How go these days with you?"

"Swift as the weaver's shuttle," he answered. "Sit you down, while I call the family. They're out in the kitchen putting the dishes away. Many hands make light labor."

They came quickly and gathered about me—a noisy, happy group. The younger children kissed me and sat on my knees and gave me the small news of the neighborhood.

How good were the look of those friendly faces and the full-hearted gladness of the whole family at my coming!

"What a joy for the spare room!" exclaimed the schoolmaster. "Sure I wouldn't wonder if the old bed was dancin' on its four legs this very minute."

"I intend to walk up to the hills tonight," I said.

"Up to the hills!" he exclaimed mockerily. "An' the Hackets lyin' awake thinkin' o' ye on the dark road! Try it, boy, an' ye'll get a crack with the ruler and an hour after school. Yer aunt and uncle will be stronger to stand yer trippin' with the night's rest upon them. Ye wouldn't be routin' them out o' bed an' they after a hard day with the hayin'! Then, my kindhearted lad, ye must give a thought to Michael Hacket. He's still alive an' stronger than ever—thank God!"

So, although I longed for those most dear to me up in the hills, I spent the night with the Hacketts and the schoolmaster and I sat an hour together after the family had gone to bed.

"How are the Dunkelberg's?" I asked.

"Sunk in the soft embrace o' luxury," he answered. "Grimshaw made him; Grimshaw liked him. He was always ready to lick the boots o' Grimshaw. It turned out that Grimshaw left him an annuity of three thousand dollars, which he can enjoy as long as he observes one condition."

"What is that?"

"He must not let his daughter marry one Barton Baynes, late o' the town of Bellphone. How is that for spite, my boy? They say it's written down in the will."

I think that he must have seen the flame of color playing on my face, for he quickly added:

"Don't worry, lad. The will o' God is greater than the will o' Grimshaw. He made you two for each other and she will be true to ye, as true as the needle to the north star."

"Do you think so?"

"Sure I do. Didn't she as much as tell me that here in this room—not a week ago? She loves ye, boy, as true as God loves ye, an' she's a girl of a thousand."

"Why did they go away? Was it because I was coming?"

"I think it likely, my fine lad. The man hasn't a mind o' his own—perhaps thrown yer uncle. He's crazy for the money, but he'll get over that. Leave him to me. I've a fine course o' instruction ready for my lord o' Dunkelberg."

"I think I shall go and try to find her," I said.

"I am to counsel ye about that," said the schoolmaster. "She's as keen as a bee—like for! She says, for ye, away. Don't, alarm him, or he'll bundle us off to Europe for two or three years.'

"So there's the trail ye travel, my boy. It's the one that keeps away. Don't let him think yer anything up the sleeve o' yer mind. Ah, my lad, I know the heart o' youth! Ye'd like to be puttin' yer arms around her—wouldn't ye, now? Sure, there's time enough! Ye're in the old treadmill o' God—the both o' ye! Ye're bein' weighed an' tried for the great prize. It's not pleasant, but it's better so. Go on, now, an' do yer best an' whatever comes take it like a man."

A little silence followed. He broke it with these words:

"Ye're done with that business in Cobleskill, an' I'm glad. Ye didn't know ye were bein' tried there—did ye? Ye've stood it like a man. What will ye be doin' now?"

"I'd like to go to Washington with the senator."

He laughed heartily.

"I was hopin' ye'd say that," he went on. "Well, boy, I think it can be arranged. I'll see the senator as soon as ever he comes an' I believe he'll be glad to know o' yer wishes. I think he's been hopin', like, that ye would propose it. Go up to the farm and spend a happy month or two with yer aunt an' uncle. It'll do ye good. Ye've been growin' plump down there. Go an' melt it off in the fields."

A little more talk and we were off to bed with our candles.

Next morning I went down into the main street of the village before leaving for home. I wanted to see how it looked and, to be quite frank, I wanted some of the people of Canton to see how I looked, for my clothes were of the best cloth and cut in the latest fashion. Many stopped me and shook my hand—men and women who had never noticed me before, but there was a quality in their smiles that I didn't quite enjoy. I know now that they thought me a little too grand on the outside. What a stern-souled lot those Yankees were! "All ain't gold that glitters." How often I had heard that version of the old motto!

"Why, you look like the senator when he is just gittin' home from the capital," said Mr. Jenison.

They were not yet willing to take me at the par of my appearance.

I met Betsy Price—one of my schoolmates—on the street. She was very cordial and told me that the Dunkelbergs had gone to Saratoga.

"I got a letter from Sally this morning," Betsy went on. "She said that young Mr. Latour was at the same hotel and that he and her father were good friends."

I wonder if she really enjoyed sticking this thorn into my flesh—a thorn which made it difficult for me to follow the advice of the schoolmaster and robbed me of the little peace I might have enjoyed. My faith in Sally wavered up and down until it settled at its wonted level and reassured me.

It was a perfect summer morning and I enjoyed my walk over the familiar road and up into the hill country. The birds seemed to sing a welcome to me. Men and boys I had known waved their hats to me as they passed and looked at me. There are few pleasures in this world like that of a boy getting home after a long absence.

My heart beat fast when I saw the house and my uncle and Purvis coming in from the twenty-acre lot with a load of hay. Aunt Deel stood on the front steps looking down the road. Now and then her waving handkerchief went to her eyes. Uncle Peabody came down the standard off his load and walked toward me.

"Say, stranger, have you seen anything of a feller by the name o' Bart Baynes?" he demanded.

"Have you?" I asked.

"No, sir, I ain't. Gosh a'mighty! Say! what have ye done with that boy of our'n?"

"What have you done to our house?" I asked again.

"Built on an addition."

"That's what I've done to your boy," I answered.

"Thunder an' lightnin'! How you've raised the roof!" he exclaimed as he

"Thunder an' Lightnin'! How You've Raised the Roof!"

grabbed my satchel. Dressed like a statesman an' bigger'n a bullmoose, I can't handle with you no more. But, say, I'll run ye a race. I can beat ye an' carry the satchel, too."

We ran pell-mell up the lane to the steps like a pair of children.

Aunt Deel did not speak. She just put her arms around me and laid her dear old head upon my breast. Uncle Peabody turned away. Then what a silence! Off in the edge of the woodland I heard the fairy flute of a wood-thrush.

"Purvis, you drive that load on the floor an' put up the hosses." Uncle Peabody shouted in a moment. "If you don't like it you can hire 'nother man. I won't do no more till after dinner. This slave business is played out."

"All right," Purvis answered.

"You bet it's all right.' I'm for abolition an' I've stood your domineerin', nigger-driver ways long enough for one mornin'. If you don't like it you can look for another man."

Aunt Deel and I began to laugh at this good-natured, make-believe scolding of Uncle Peabody and the emotional strain was over. They led me into the house, where a delightful surprise awaited me, for the rooms had been decorated with balsam boughs and sweet ferns. A glowing mass of violets, framed in moss, occupied the center of the table. The house was filled with the odors of the forest, which, as they knew, were dear to me. I had written that they might expect me some time before noon, but I begged them not to meet me in Canton, as I wished to walk home after my long ride. So they were ready for me.

I remember how they felt the cloth on my back and how proudly they surveyed it.

"Couldn't buy them goods 'round these parts," said Uncle Peabody. "Nor nothin' like 'em—no, sir."

"Feels a leetle bit like the butternut trousers," said Aunt Deel as she felt my coat.

"Ayes, but them butternut trousers ain't what they used to be when they was young and limber," Uncle Peabody remarked. "Seems so they was gettin' kind o' wrinkled an' baldheaded-like, 'specially where I set down."

"Ayes! Wal I guess a man can't grow old without his pants growin' old, too—ayes!" said Aunt Deel.

"If yer legs are in 'em ev'ry Sunday they ketch it of ye," my uncle answered. "Long sermons are hard on pants, seems to me."

"An' the longer the legs the harder the sermons—in them little seats over 't the schoolhouse—ayes!" Aunt Deel added by way of justifying his complaint. "Guess wouldn't be so much wear in a ten-mile walk—no!"

The chicken pie was baking and the strawberries were ready for the shortcake.

"I've been wallerin' since the dew was off gittin' them berries an' vittels—ayes!" said Aunt Deel, now busy with her work at the stove.

"Aunt, you look as young as ever," I remarked.

She slapped my sam and said with mock severity:

"Stop that! Wy! You know better 'n—eyes!"

How vigorously she stirred the fire then.

"I can't return the compliment—my soul! how you've changed—ayes!" she remarked.

"I hope you ain't fit no more, Bart. I can't bear to think o' you flyin' at folks an' poundin' of 'em. Don't seem right—no, it don't!"

"Why, Aunt Deel, what in the world do you mean?" I asked.

"It's Purvis' brain that does the poundin', I guess," said my uncle. "It's kind o' got the habit. It's a reg'lar beetle brain. To hear him talk ye'd think he an' you could clean out the hull American nation—barrin' accidents. Why! anybody would suppose that yer enemies go to climbin' trees as soon as they see ye comin' an' that you pull the trees up by the roots to git at 'em."

"A certain amount of such devilry is necessary to the comfort of Mr. Purvis," I remarked. "If there is nobody else to take the responsibility for it he assumes it himself. His imagination has an intense craving for blood and violence. It's that type of American who, egged on by the slave power, is hurrying us into trouble with Mexico."

Purvis came in presently with a look in his face which betrayed his knowledge of the fact that all the cobwebs spun by his fancy were now to be brushed away. Still he enjoyed them while they lasted and there was a kind of tacit claim in his manner that they were subjects regarding which no honest man could be expected to tell the truth.

As we ate our dinner they told me that an escaped slave had come into a neighboring county and excited the people with stories of the auction block and of negroes driven like yoked oxen on plantations in South Carolina, whence he had escaped on a steamboat.

"I b'lieve I'm goin' to vote for abolition," said Uncle Peabody. "I wonder what Silas Wright will say to that."

"He'll probably advise us that the time isn't ripe for so great a change," was my answer. "He thinks that the whole matter should be left to the glacial action of time's forces."

Indeed I had spoken the view of the sounder men of the North. The subject filled them with dread alarm. But the attitude of Uncle Peabody was significant. The sentiment in favor of a change was growing. It was now to be reckoned with, for the abolition party was said to hold the balance of power in New York and New England and was behaving itself like a bull in a china shop.

After dinner I tried to put on some of my old clothes, but found that my nakedness had so expanded that they would not cover it, so I hitched my white mare to the spring wagon and drove to the village for my trunk.

Every week day after that I worked in the fields until the senator arrived in Canton about the middle of August. On one of those happy days I received a letter from old Kate, at Utica, to my surprise, in Saratoga. It said:

"Dear Barton Baynes: I thought I would let you know that my father is dead. I have come here to rest and have found some work to do. I am better now. He's been lonely and I'm very beautiful and kind. She does not know that I am the old witch, I have changed so. The others do not know—it is better that way. I think it was the Lord that brought me here. He has a way of taking care of some people, my boy. Do you remember when I began to call you my boy—you were very little. It is long, long ago since I first saw you in your father's dooryard—you said you were going to mill on a butterfly's back. You looked just as I thought my boy would look. You gave me a kiss. What a wonderful gift it was to me then! I began to love you. I have no one else to think of now. I hope you won't mind my thinking so much of you.

"God bless you,
"KATE FULLERTON."

I understood now why the strong will and singular insight of this woman had so often exercised themselves in my behalf. I could not remember the far day and the happy circumstance of which she spoke, but I wrote her a letter which must have warmed her heart I am sure.

Silas Wright arrived in Canton and drove up to our home. He reached our door at eight in the morning with his hound and rifle. He had aged rapidly since I had seen him last. His hair was almost white. There were many new lines in his face. He seemed more grave and dignified. He did not lapse into the dialect of his fathers when he spoke of the ancient pastimes of hunting and fishing as he had been wont to do.


# SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

## "Fruit-a-tives" Completely Relieved Me

3928 Union St., Vancouver, B.C.

"I suffered with all the symptoms of Hepatic trouble, with *chronic Constipation and constant Headaches.* I had pains low down in the back and sides of the body. A doctor advised me to have an operation.

I started taking "Fruit-a-tives" and this medicine has *completely relieved me* of all my misery and suffering.

*I am free of pain* and headaches and the terrible Constipation, and what saved me is the fruit medicine, "Fruit-a-tives."

Madam M. J. GORSE.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.


"Bart," he said when the greetings were over, "let's you and me go and spend a day in the woods. I'll leave my man here to help your uncle while you're gone."

We went by driving south a few miles and tramping in to the foot of the stillwater on our river—a trail long familiar to me. The dog left us soon after we took it and began to range over thick wooded hills. We went down among small, spirellike spruces at the river's edge with a long stretch of water in sight while the music of the hound's voice came faintly to our ears from the distant forest.

"Oh, I've been dreaming of this for a long time," said the senator as he leaned back against a tree and filled his lungs and looked out upon the water, green with lily pads along the edge and flecked with the last of the white blossoms. "I believe you want to leave this lovely country."

"I am waiting for the call to go," I said.

"Well, I'm inclined to think you are the kind of man who ought to go," he answered almost eadly. "You are needed. I have been waiting until we should meet to congratulate you on your behavior at Cobleskill. I think you have the right spirit—that is the all-important matter. You will encounter strange company in the game of politics. Let me tell you a story."

He told me many stories of his life in Washington, interrupted by a sound like that of approaching footsteps. We ceased talking and presently a flock of partridges came near us, pacing along over the mat of leaves in a leisurely fashion. We sat perfectly still. Then a beautiful ruff standing out, like the hair on the back of a frightened dog, strode toward us with a comic threat in his manner. It seemed as if he were of half a mind to attack us like true game. But we sat as still as stumps and he spared us and went on with the others.

The hound was nearer now. Suddenly we saw a big buck come into view in the shore of the river near us and on our side of the stream. He looked to right and left. Then he made a long leap into the water and waded slowly until it covered him. He raised his head and laid his antlers back over his shoulders and swam quietly downstream, his nose just showing above the water. His antlers were like a bit of driftwood. If we had not seen him take the water his antlers might easily have passed for a bunch of dead sticks. Soon the buck slowly lifted his head and turned his neck and looked at both shores. Then he evidently believed he remained hidden under water and went on. We watched him as he took the farther shore below us and made off in the woods again.

"I couldn't shoot at him, it was such a beautiful bit of politics," said the senator.

Soon the hound reached the cove's edge and swam the river and ranged up and down the bank for half an hour before he found the buck's trail again.

"I've seen many a rascal, driven to water by the hounds, go swimming away as slyly as that buck, with their horns in the air, looking as innocent as a bit of driftwood. They come in from both shores—the Whig and the Democratic—and they are always absent from one bank or the other."

I remember it surprised me a little to hear him say that they came in from both shores.

"Just what do you want to do?" he asked presently.

"I should like to go down to Washington with you and help you in any way that I can."

"All right, partner—we'll try it," he answered gravely. "I hope that I don't forget any work you as hard as I found myself. It wouldn't be decent. I have a great many letters to write. I'll try thinking out loud while you take them down in sound-hand. Then you can draft them neatly and I'll sign them. You have tact and good manners and can do many of my errands for me and save me from those who have no good reason for taking up my time."

"You will meet the best people and the worst, for there's just a chance that it may come to something worth while—who knows? You are young yet. It will be good training and you will witness the making of some history now and then."

What elation I felt!

Again the voice of the hound, which had been ringing in the distant hills, was coming nearer.

"We must keep watch—another deer is coming," said the senator.

We had only a moment's watch before a fine yearling buck came down to the opposite shore and stood looking across the river. The senator raised his rifle and fired. The buck fell in the edge of the water.

"How shall we get him?" my friend asked.

"It will not be difficult," I answered as I began to undress. Nothing was difficult those days.

I swam the river and towed the buck across with a beech withe in his gambrel joints. The hound joined me before I was half across with my burden and nosed the carcass and swam on ahead yelping with delight.

We dressed the deer and then I had the great joy of carrrying him on my back two miles across the country to the wagon. The senator wished to send a guide for the deer, but I insisted that the carrying was my privilege.

"Well, I guess your big thighs and broad shoulders can stand it," said he.

"My uncle has always said that no man could be called a hunter until he can go into the woods without a guide and kill a deer and bring it out on his back. I want to be able to testify that I am—at least partly qualified."

"Your uncle didn't say anything about fetching the deer across a deep river without a boat, did he?" Mr. Wright asked me with a smile.

Leaves of the beeches, maples and basswoods—yellowed by frost—hung like tiny lanterns, glowing with noonday light, above the dim forest aisle which we traveled.

The sun was down when we got to the clearing.

"What a day it has been!" said Mr. Wright when we were seated in the wagon.

"One of the best in my life," I answered with a joy in my heart the like of which I have rarely known in these many years that have come to me.

We rode on in silence with the calls of the swamp robin and the hermit thrush ringing in our ears as the night fell.

"It's a good time to think, and there we take different roads," said my friend. "You will turn into the future and I into the past."

"I've been thinking about your uncle," he said by and by. "He is one of the greatest men I have ever known. You knew of that foolish gossip about him—didn't you?"

"Yes," I answered.

"Well, now, he's gone about his business the same as ever and showed by his life that it couldn't be true. Not a word out of him! But Dave Ramsey fell sick—down on the flat last winter. By and by his children were crying for bread and the poormaster was going to take charge of them. Well, who should turn up there, just in the nick of time, but Delia and Peabody Baynes. They took the children in winter and kept them in clothes so that they could go to school. The strange thing about it is this: It was Dave Ramsey who really started that story. Dave got drunk one night and confessed his crime. His conscience wouldn't let him keep it. He said that he had not seen Peabody Baynes on that road the day the money was lost but had only heard that he was there. He knew now that he couldn't have been there. Gosh t'gimlighty! as your uncle used to say when there was nothing else to be said."

It touched me to the soul—this long-delayed vindication of my beloved Uncle Peabody.

The senator ate supper with us and sent his hired man out for his horse and buggy. When he had put on his overcoat and was about to go he turned to my uncle and said:

"Peabody Baynes, if I have had any success in the world it is because I have had the exalted honor and consciousness that I represented men like you."

He left us and we sat down by the glowing candles. Soon I told them what the money had done. There was a moment of silence. Uncle Peabody rose and went to the water pail for a drink.

"Bart, I believe I'll plant corn on that ten-acre lot next spring—darned if I don't," he said as he returned to his chair.

None of us ever spoke of the matter again, to my knowledge.

### CHAPTER XVIII.

**On the Summit.**

My mental assets would give me a poor rating, I presume, in the commerce of modern scholarship when I went to Washington that autumn with Senator and Mrs. Wright. Still it was no smattering that I had, but rather a few broad areas of knowledge which were firmly in my possession. My best asset was mental but spiritual, if I may be allowed to say it, in all modesty, for, therein I claim no special advantage, saving, possibly, an unusual strength of character in my aunt and uncle. Those days the candles were lighting the best traits of knowledge all over the land. Never has the general spirit of this republic been so high and admirable as then and a little later. We were speak pressently, in the immortal voices of Whittier, Emerson, Whitman, Greeley and Lincoln. The dim glow of the candles had entered their souls and out of them came a light that filled the land and was seen of all men.

The railroads on which we traveled from Utica, the great cities through which we passed, were a wonder and an inspiration to me. I was now in the grandeur of Washington itself. I took lodgings with the senator and his wife.

"Now, Bart," said he, when we had finished, "I'm going to turn you loose here for a little while before I put harness on you. Go about for a week or so and get the lay of the land and the feel of it. Mrs. Wright will be your guide until the social situation has worked its way into your consciousness."

It seemed to me that there was not room enough in my consciousness for the great events that were taking place and the statues and the vast machinery of the government. Beauty and magnitude have a wonderful effect when they spring fresh upon the vision of a youth out of the back country. I sang of the look of them in my letters and soon I began to think about them and imperfectly to understand them. They had their epic, lyric and dramatic stages in my consciousness.

To be continued.

**The Artful Dodger.**

Johnny's mother was tired of having her tablecloths stained. So she instituted a fine of one penny for every spot. During tea, a few days later, Johnny was observed rubbing his rather grimy fingers very hard on the cloth beside his cup and saucer. "Johnny, what on earth are you doing?" asked his mother, in surprise. "You'll soil the tablecloth." "Oh, no, I won't!" replied the youngster. "I'm just trying to rub two spots into one."


Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

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### "SPORTSMANSHIP!"

**Revelations Regarding American Boat Defeated by Canadians.**

Usually the inaugural address of a mayor is a perfunctory performance, but that cannot be said of the address of Mayor Wheeler, of Gloucester, Mass., delivered a few days ago. His promises of "economy with efficiency" aroused no excitement, but when he proceeded to allege that the twelve American members of the International Fishermen's Trophy Committee had sought to win the race by unsportsmanlike methods there was a general agreement among his hearers that no such sensational inaugural had been delivered within the memory of the oldest citizen. The mayor said that the American members of the committee had borrowed for the Halifax Herald race a boom longer than had been used during the fishing season, and sails larger than the Elsie usually carried. In other words, an effort was made by the committee responsible for the Gale to break the plain letter of the contest and make the American craft a racing yacht rather than a fishing schooner by which the trophy is supposed to be won. Had the Elsie been able to defeat the Bluenose the charges would have been even more sensational, but the Canadian boat won the races by a considerable margin and so no international feeling is likely to be aroused.

Nevertheless, the charges are keenly resented by the gentlemen involved. They have begun a libel suit against the mayor, and in filing the preliminary papers have stoutly denied that there was anything unsportsmanlike in their conduct or that they tried to evade the terms of the contest. We trust they will be able to vindicate themselves, for it would be a pity if this sporting event should be clouded by any ill-feeling as resulted from Lord Dunraven's charges concerning the America's Cup races in 1895. The American defenders of the Halifax trophy undoubtedly tried to slip over on the Canadian challengers a boat that was more a yacht than a fishing schooner when they built the Mayflower especially for the races. This attempt was nipped in the bud by the Canadian trustees of the trophy, who barred the Mayflower. Notwithstanding this, she did join in one of the races, though not officially recognized, and was beaten by a big margin, her impudence. This race gives promise of gaining more and more international prominence as time goes on if the original terms are adhered to. It will become another farce like the races for the America's Cup if boats are built especially for it which are unable to stand up and take the buffetings of the Atlantic throughout the fishing season. The likelihood is that the trophy will change hands more than once, but so long as it is won by a genuine fisherman the late Senator Dennis' generosity and sportsmanship will have been rewarded.—The Mail and Empire.

### A GENIAL CHANCELLOR.

**Canadian Is Head of the Syracuse University.**

In asking Rev. Charles W. Flint, M.A., D.D., LL.D., to become its chancellor and executive head, Syracuse University for the second time honored Canada. The retiring chancellor, Dr. James R. Day, was a Canadian and Dr. Flint was born at Stouffville, Ont., and educated at Markham High School, Victoria College and the University of Toronto before commencing his ministerial career in the United States.

Dr. Flint is one of three Markham High School boys who have won the Prince of Wales scholarship and have thus entered the University of Toronto as its leading students in the high schools and collegiate institutes of the Province of Ontario. The others are Herbert Jordan, of Bloomington, Ont., and Frank H. Underhill, of Stouffville, now professor of history in the University of Saskatchewan. All three learned their classics under the tuition of Principal George H. Reed, now of the North Toronto High School.

It was no mere coincidence that won the highest honors in the province for three boys born within three miles of each other and attending the same schools within less than a score of years. The strict methods of the veteran James Hand, principal at Stouffville, and the kindling enthusiasm of George H. Reed, principal at Markham, brought them up to university entrance with disciplined and eager minds. The exciting fun which Principal Reed could extract from a lesson in Caesar's Gallic Wars or Latin Prose was famed no less than that the hatred of Caesar's legions by the countenance of James Hand instilled.

It was as a preacher to college students that Dr. Flint first won recognition as one of the best in the pastorate of the Collegiate Methodist Episcopal Church at Middletown, Conn., seat of Wesleyan University, of which Cornell College, Iowa. That Dr. Flint has not forgotten old Canadian associations is evidenced by a recent letter in which he subscribed to the Victoria College Alumni Association.

"Charlie" Flint, as thousands know him, was a jovial personality, with a quickness of mind and a wonderful memory which made examination time for any lack of pondering throughout the year. He was more a philosopher than a fighter and his "old-fashioned gospel temperance" lectures were full of passionate appeal and the eloquence of Father Flint, one of the most outstanding wit and strenuous local preachers that York and Ontario counties ever knew. As inheritance he brings to Syracuse a warm personality and a big presence, which students like. Just what his feeling will be when his Syracuse boys meet McGill at football next fall" it would be hard to guess. As a Canadian, as a Toronto Varsity graduate and as Syracuse head, he will find the day interesting.

### A Rubber Discovery.

In the southern part of Arizona a wild rubber plant grows abundantly, and may be cultivated on a large way if present experiments prove that from it a remarkable quality of crude rubber may be extracted.

### Wireless Telegraphy.

Wireless telegraphy was discovered by Marconi in 1897, and he conducted experiments in England the same year. On December 20, 1901, a message was sent from Canada to Cornwall.

### The Bubble's Weak Spot.

The thinnest thing in nature is the black spot that appears on a bubble before it bursts. The black spot is the centre.


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# DIARRHOEA IN FOALS

## Scours Causes Many Losses Annually Among Young Colts.

**Symptoms Described and Timely Treatment Suggested — Laudanum and Castor Oil a Good Drench—Preparing for Gardening.**

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The occurrence of Scours in foals is responsible for a considerable part of the losses among them during the earlier periods of their lives. It often makes its appearance within a few days after birth, without any apparent cause. Among the various causes responsible may be mentioned too long intervals being allowed between the sucking periods, as is often the case when the dam is being worked and the foal allowed to suck only during the mornings, noon, and evenings, and when the foal is hungry the milk is swallowed rapidly and in excessive quantities. Another frequent cause is the foal sucking the mare after she has been over-exerted, or while she is in an overheated condition, and the udder has become filled with milk in which there may be an excess of the products of tissue waste, retained from the system.

Artificial feeding is also another cause, as in the case of foals being fed on cow's milk.

It may also result from the indiscriminate use of physic medicines.

The milk of the dam is also materially affected by the nature of the diet, and sudden changing from one kind of food to another cause a variation in the milk, which tends to derange the stomach of the foal.

There are also other predisposating factors, such as exposure to cold rains and the keeping of the young animal in a damp, unwholesome stable, and especially where the floors are filthy and wet, owing to lack of drainage.

In addition to the foregoing, there are also some infectious agents (disease germs) which cause a very fatal form of scours or dysentery in foals.

Symptoms.—When the foal is affected with scours, the symptoms may be first preceded by a constipated condition, which, however, is soon followed by the passage of liquid matter. The discharges at first appear soft and slimy and have often a peculiar, offensive odor. The tail and hips become soaked and covered with the discharges, which, in severe cases, become more frequent and very watery. The foal then rapidly loses condition and becomes very weak, and the belly becomes tender. If not arrested, the condition may prove fatal in from two to ten days.

Treatment and Prevention.—As a means to prevention, the first consideration should be the avoidance of the various causes which have been mentioned. The foal should be protected from exposure to cold rain storms. No stable should be maintained in a good, dry, and clean condition, and plenty of dry bedding provided in the stall occupied by the foal. In cases where the foal is being fed on cow's milk, it should be modified to suit by the addition of water and cream, and some milk sugar to make it sweet to the taste. In cases where the dam is being worked and the foal having access to her only during mornings, noon, and evenings, care should be exercised to prevent it, when hungry and the stomach empty, from sucking the milk too rapidly and in excessive quantities. If the dam has been over-exerted and become over-heated, some of the milk should be withdrawn by hand from the udder before allowing the foal to commence sucking.

The nature of the treatment employed in affected foals is to some extent governed by the origin of the trouble, so that the cause should be ascertained if possible.

With the exception of those cases which have resulted from the improper use of physic medicines, it is rarely best to begin treatment by giving a teaspoonful of laudanum, combined with two ounces of castor oil as a drench. In addition, a teaspoonful of the finely powdered drug catechu may be given in a cupful of boiled milk or hour gruel every four or five hours, until the movements of the bowels become more regular. Another common remedy is a tablespoonful of lime water and a teaspoonful of laudanum, given in a little boiled milk, repeated every four hours as required.

When the foal is in a weakened condition, its strength should be kept up by means of an egg beaten up with several ounces of the mother's milk, and poured carefully into the mouth, and repeated at intervals of several hours, as may appear necessary. The foal should in all cases be kept warm and comfortable until better. If the foregoing measures are not effective in checking the condition within a reasonable time, special veterinary treatment may be necessary.—C. H. McIlwraith, D.V.S., President Ont. Vet. College, Toronto.

### Preparing for Gardening.

This month begins the active gardening work. Hot-beds should be made, and the seeds of the early plants like cabbages, cauliflower, early celery, early beets, and the long season plants like tomatoes, egg plants and peppers should be started. Many of these seeds for small gardening work may be started inside which will relieve the necessity of making hot-beds until the first part of next month. Manure for topdressing the ground may be hauled out the latter part of this month.

Put spraying machine into good condition, and test it.

Keep plant lights in check by using tobacco preparation.

### Holsteins for India.

Five Holstein-Friesian bulls were selected from the Carnation herd, Tait, Washington, by parties near Bombay, India. These included two of the sons of Matador Segis Walker, shown at the 1921 National Dairy Show, and two of the good sons of Avon Pontiac Echo, the well-known son of the great Canadian cow, May Echo Sylvia.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

### WHEY TANKS.

**Unpasteurizing of By-product Means Poor Cheese.**

During the past season in Eastern Ontario, the greatest single defeat in our cheese was due to the bitter yeast organism which has been giving some trouble for a number of years but reached serious proportions in 1921, says G. G. Publow, Dairy Instructor, in his annual report for the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Convention at Ottawa.

The effect of this yeast organism, as the cheesemaker encounters it, is to influence the process of manufacture to such an extent that it is rather difficult to firm the curd while in the whey unless considerably higher temperatures are used. If the curd is not properly firmed then as the process goes on there is a tendency for the curd to soften or partially liquefy with large losses in the yield of cheese accompanying the large amount of "white whey" which runs from the curd after it has been packed.

The final result in the finished cheese is that the latter has a 'bitter' or rancid flavor, slit-like openings appear through the body and there is softening of texture simulating a quick ripening.

It is unnecessary to mention that this is a very undesirable type of cheese. Any who may have had occasion to sell such goods know how difficult they are to sell.

The cause of this our greatest cheese defect, is whey tanks, which naturally includes all the apparatus with which whey comes in contact.

During the past season I had occasion to respond to a good many special requests from factorymen to go to their assistance personally when they were having trouble of this nature, and while the conditions I found may have varied in degree, the general source of trouble was the same.

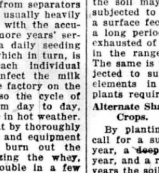
In trying to locate such defects our usual routine is about as follows: A sample of milk from each patron is taken in a glass jar and fermentation tests made. By doing this we can tell if the milk from one or more farms is responsible. In some factories where the cheese were defective I have found the milk of every patron seeded with "yeast."

After investigating the milk supply we then look over the factory equipment and surroundings, and to avoid too much detail in explanation, let me say that what we invariably find is this: The iron pipes which conduct the whey to or from separators or to whey tanks are usually heavily coated on the inside with the accumulation of one or more years' service and acting as a daily seeding place for all the whey, which in turn, is carried back to each individual patron, only to re-infect the milk that will come to the factory on the following day, and so the cycle of seeding goes on from day to day, befng naturally worse in hot weather.

We have found that by thoroughly cleaning up all iron pipes and equipment (usually having to burn out the pipes) and pasteurizing the whey, will clear up the trouble in a few days.

### Storage of Food Products.

Farm buildings usually offer ample space for the storage of food products raised on the farm. The cellar of the house should hold a winter's supply of potatoes, beets, carrots, onions, and canned fruits and vegetables, as well as such articles as a barrel of salt pork, keg of kraut, and jar of eggs in water glass. The thrifty farmer faces the winter season with a well-stocked cellar and with a store of dried fruits and vegetables and possibly some jars of apple butter in his attic.




**It Is Not Too Early to Begin to Plan for the Storage of Your Fruits and Vegetables—Here Is a Root Cellar That Can Be Constructed at Small Cost.**

Specially constructed root cellars, or "caves," may be found on some farms. Potatoes and other vegetables are sometimes carried over the winter in earth pits, or "tumps." The barn may also serve as a storage place for vegetables.

### Beautify Farm Home Yards.

The dwelling is the headquarters of the farm business. Chores are done before breakfast and often after supper, the stock need close attention, certain farm seeds are kept in the house, the hired man may sleep there, and the women folks take care of the poultry; thus it is almost essential that the house be reasonably close to the other buildings.

The value of the house constitutes an important part of the real estate value of the farm. On the higher-priced corn belt farms the value of the dwelling represents from five to

**Modest Farm Home Showing Simple and Effective Beautification by Inexpensive Planting.**

15 per cent. of the real estate value of the farm, while in the eastern part of Canada this percentage is more commonly 20 per cent. or over.

The beautifying of the yard by shrubbery, flower beds, and a good lawn involves the occasional use of manure, the introduction of fertile soil, the use of a team and of small farm tools, all of which are available on the average farm.

# BENEFITS OF ROTATION

## It Maintains Both the Humus and Nitrogen Supplies.

**Too Frequent Grain Growing Exhausts the Soil — Rotation Will Help to Destroy Weeds, Insects, and Fungus Pests—Currants and Gooseberries.**

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Crop rotations will, if properly planned and practised, maintain the humus supply in the soil, will restore the nitrogen supply, will give the benefits resulting from alternating crops that have different food requirements and leave different root residues in the soil; will help in weed, insect and fungus disease control; will make business management possible, will distribute the labor and reduce the risk of the loss in poor crop years.

### Grain Growing Exhausts the Soil.

Lands that are continually used for grain crops will in time show exhaustion of the humus supply, due to annual tillage creating conditions that favor oxidation. Lands that are given a rest from the action of plough, disc, and cultivator, for two years out of every four while growing a hay or pasture crop will not become depleted of humus material, since the roots of clover and grass crops will during their period of growth increase the quantity of vegetable matter or humus making material.

The common food plants have quite different root systems, legumes and root crops go deep, the grasses and grains have fibrous roots and feed nearer the surface. The grains develop their feeding roots and are most active during the spring and early summer, while corn and the root crops draw the greater part of their food supply during the late summer.

### Use the Soil as a Feeding Ground.

The point is to use the soil as a feeding ground for the various food plants in such a way as to employ all its resources during the rotation period, but not to overwork or exhaust any particular part of what the soil may offer. A soil that is subjected to the task of nourishing a surface feeding type of plant over a long period of years will become exhausted of the food elements within the range of the feeding roots. The same is true when a soil is subjected to supplying the same food elements in excess to classes of plants requiring the same elements.

### Alternate Shallow and Deep Feeding Crops.

By planting a rotation that will call for a surface feeding crop one year, a deep feeding crop the next year, and a rest from tillage for two years the soil is not subjected to the same evil results as when fertility that the one crop or no system imposes. The work that the soil is required to do is distributed over a longer period. The soil is given time to rest up while certain food elements are reaching a condition suitable for plant food in quantity large enough to be of use to a developing crop. When crops are alternated, weeds, insects and fungus pests, all of which like the sameness of conditions afforded by the one crop system, are not given a chance to increase, but are rooted out and destroyed annually through the bringing up of conditions suttable to such pests by employing a suitable rotation system.—L. Stevenson, secretary Dept. of Agriculture, Toronto.

### Currants and Gooseberries.

If a currant or gooseberry plantation is properly cared for, at least eight to ten crops may be expected before it becomes unprofitable because of its age. Productive fields over twenty years old are not uncommon in some sections. Although the number of years a plantation will continue in good bearing condition depends to some extent upon location and soil, the most important factor is the care which it receives. The period of productiveness of both currant and gooseberry plants is longer in northern sections than toward the southern limits of their culture and longer on heavy soil than on sandy soil.

In gardens where the available land is limited in extent, currants and gooseberries may well be planted among the tree fruits and left there permanently. The shade of the trees protects the fruits from sun scald, and the foliage is usually healthier in such locations than when grown where it is freely exposed to the sun.

A place with good air drainage is preferred for gooseberries. In low, damp places mildew attacks both fruit and foliage more severely than on higher sites where the air circulation is better. Currants, however, are seldom severely attacked by mildew. Therefore, when the site is a sloping one, currants may be planted on the lower parts and gooseberries above. As both fruits blossom very early in the spring, neither should be planted in low pockets where late spring frosts may kill the flowers.

Gooseberries ordinarily are propagated by mound layers. The plant from which layers are to be procured should be cut back heavily before it begins to grow in the spring. By July it will have sent out numerous vigorous shoots. It should then be mounded with earth half way to the tips of the shoots. By autumn the shoots will have rooted. Those with strong roots may then be cut off and set in the nursery, to be grown for one or two years before planting in the field. If the roots are not well developed, it will be better to leave the shoots attached to the parent plant for a second year.

### High-Grade Wheat.

Out of 691 cars of wheat inspected at Calgary on November last, 511 were graded No. 1 hard and No. 1 Northern, the two highest standards known to all the trade, and the balance was all of contract quality.

### Cost of Seed.

Less than five per cent. of the total value of a good crop, generally speaking, represents the cost of the seed, but unless the quality of the latter is the best you cannot expect the good crop.

### SPRAYING IS BEST.

**Dusting More Rapid, But Generally Less Effective.**

Dusting versus spraying is still a live topic for conversation among fruit-growers of this province. Though the former has made many friends in the past few years principally on account of its speedy method of application, no evidence is yet at hand that this form of combating fruit pests will ever completely displace the older method. Indeed, judging by the discussion at the recent meeting of the Northumberland and Durham Apple Growers' Association spraying has the best of the argument.

"In seasons when there is much rain, dusting will not give you as much protection or protection over so long a period as spraying," said W. A. Ross of Vineland. "Dusting cannot be used as a substitute for spraying," continued Mr. Ross, "as in too many cases it is not as effective as spray is valuable in proper to liquid spraying. In large orchards where speed is necessary if this work is to be done at all, dusting is of great advantage, as one can cover the ground much more rapidly than by the older method."

"If you can spray at all, spray; but if that is impossible, particularly where scab is prevalent, then dust," is the advice of Prof. L. Caesar of the Ontario Agricultural College.

In answer to a query regarding spraying for bark louse, Prof. Caesar advised leaving this operation until the buds were well swollen but not burst. He claimed that the power sprayer, even for small plantation, was much to be preferred to the hand outfit, in answer to another question, basing his contention on the fact that the former affair covered the tree and foliage thoroughly in the minimum length of time, whereas this was not always the case with the smaller outfit.

Ink spot, a fungus disease which is causing some trouble in eastern Ontario, was discussed. "This disease spreads rapidly under shady conditions," stated Mr. Ross, "and for that reason pruning to let in the sunlight is sometimes of great benefit, but where the shade is caused by dark, murky weather other measures must be taken." Under the latter conditions Mr. Ross advised a light application of lime sulphur, 1 to 40, to be applied early in August, but the money would be thrown away in this case, he said, unless the weather was and continued to be the cause.

### Cattle and Tuberculosis.

An impression having gone abroad that pure-bred dairy cattle were more susceptible to disease, especially tuberculosis, than grades, the question as to whether such was the case, was propounded to the director of the Dominion Experimental Farms, Mr. E. E. S. Archibald. He said that of eighteen experimental farms and stations, on several of which herds of both pure-bred and grade cattle are maintained, two have experienced an outbreak of bovine tuberculosis, but that no greater tendency to disease had been noticed among one than the other. In cases where there had been reactors to the subcutaneous test had any difference been observed in pure-breds from those in their diseased surroundings, and this included not only tuberculosis but also infectious abortion. Therefore his judgment was that the constitution of the individual animals and the careful isolation of those that are diseased were vastly more important factors in influencing the spread of disease than the circumstances as to whether the animals kept were highly developed purebreds or were grades.

The same question was put to the Veterinary Director-General of the Dominion, Dr. F. Torrance, and his answer was substantially that purebreds were no more liable to disease than grades. If more pure-breds do become infected than the commoner animals it is probably because they are more closely confined, are subject to contact with newly introduced animals that have not been subjected to the necessary precautions, or have been taken to exhibitions where opportunities for infection may occur. In short it is not a question of greater frequent exposure to infection.

### Argentina a Dairy Country.

According to recent statistics, there are 30,000,000 cattle in Argentina, of which only 2,000,000 are given as milch cows, but these likely include only those animals actually being milked. A great many cows are kept for the purpose of raising calves, and naturally belong more to the beef type than to the dairy.

Previous to 1914, the surplus of butter for export was never more than about 10,000,000 pounds per year, and had shown no permanent increase for many years. The bulk of the exports went to the United Kingdom.

In 1916 the exports began to increase, and during the eleven months ended Nov. 30, 1921, 41,518,512 lbs. of Argentina butter was exported to the United Kingdom. In addition to this, a considerable quantity was shipped to the United States, to Italy, France, Belgium and very some to Canada.

This enormous increase is the result of the high prices, coupled with labor conditions during the war. It has been said that the exports of butter from the Argentine would revert to the pre-war quantities after the cessation of the high prices had disappeared, but inquiries made through the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce at Ottawa, the information that the firms engaged in the export of dairy produce think that the quantity will be maintained or even increased in 1922.

### Dairy Outlook Good.

"We should never forget that our great market is at our own doors," comments J. A. Ruddick, Dairy Commissioner, in summarizing the dairy outlook in this country. "We export but about one-fifth of our total production. The annual consumption of milk and its products in Canada is equal to about 1,000 pounds of milk annually per capita. If our population should grow at the rate of 100,000 per year there will be required annually an additional 100,000,000 pounds of milk to supply them. Newer knowledge of nutrition is increasing milk consumption here, as it is everywhere. Altogether, there is nothing in the outlook for the industry that should be discouraging to anyone."

# MORE CALLS ARE MADE FOR SUITS

## Women Have Adopted Outfit For Their Uniform—Can Never Die, Maker Says.

## MANY WITH VERY LONG COATS

**Three-Quarter Lengths Permit Only Fraction of Skirt to Show—Keep the Straight and Long Lines.**

It is hard to pry the American woman loose from her friend, the tailored suit. It is one of her most becoming assets. She likes it, she feels well dressed when she wears it, and here is the figure that displays it to the very best advantage. And, observes a fashion authority, when the calendar says that autumn is here, the suit becomes the first noticeable change in dress expression.

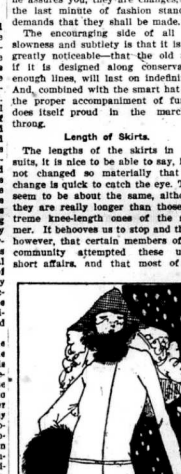
A prominent maker of suits—a man who has devoted the whole of his life to the study of this one by-path in woman's wear—said that he had had just as many, if not more, calls for suits this season as he had had any season in the past. This statement was made in the face of the fact that the general impression seems to be, in fashion circles, that the suit is losing some of its popularity. Now this tailor believes that the suit can never die. He says he knows that women have adopted it for their uniform, just as the men need the suit for theirs. He realizes the fact that women diverge from the suit in many and varied manners, but he says that this costume as the foundation of a wardrobe is just as staple a thing as is the coffee they drink for their breakfasts.

You ask him: "Does the style of the suit change?" and he witheringly answers that it does most decidedly. Then, if you look at it with an untutored eye, it is hard to see just where the changes come in. They are subtle, and they are slow, but, he assures you, they are changes, and the last minute of fashion standard demands that they shall be made.

The encouraging side of all this slowness and subtlety is that it is not greatly noticeable—that the old suit, if it is designed along conservative enough lines, will last on indefinitely. And, combined with the smart hat and the proper accompaniment of fur, it does itself proud in the marching throng.

### Length of Skirts.

The lengths of the skirts in the suits, it is nice to be able to say, have not changed so materially that the change is quick to catch the eye. They seem to be about the same, although they are really longer than those extreme knee-length ones of the summer. It behooves us to stop and think, however, that certain members of the community attempted these ultra-short affairs, and that most of the



**Tailored Suit Along the Newer Lines.**

suit skirts, in particular, remained a distance of from ten to twelve inches from the floor. And that is what they are today—preferably ten, but rising to twelve where the figure is all and slim enough to demand that concession to its own proportions.

There is the sport suit, for which America and Americans have become so famous; there is the medium suit for every occasion, and there is the dressy suit which, this season, has dissolved itself into the costume dress. But each is as popular and as necessary as the other in its own way, and each one of them is destined to hold a place in the season's fashions.

Among the tailored suits there are many with coats that are very long. That is, they may safely be called three-quarter length, for there is only a fraction of the skirt left showing beneath the ending of the coat. Then these suits are cut in such a manner that they can keep the straight, long lines for any figure. They are totally without fullness, to be sure, but they have a miraculous way of keeping straight in spite of everything. Everything about them is seemingly tightly fitted. The sleeves are, indeed, skintight and the armholes are rounded and fitted with safety. Sometimes there is a belt set at a low waistline and tied into place, the exact placing of the waistline being in accordance with the individual proportions of the figure. Then, some of these three-



**Suit of Brown Embroidered Duvetyn.**

quarter tailored coats are slit at the sides from the bottom, so that the ends have a trifle of "give" to them, not being keyed to the line of the figure so unrelentingly. A tailored suit of this variety was made with bindings of its own material, which was a soft broadcloth, by the way, and these were cut almost an inch in width. These were laid on as flatly as could be around every conceivable edge and stitched closely on either side. The color of the suit was a dusty taupe and the stitched edgings made a good-looking finish.

### Have Low-Cut Revers.

Most of these strictly tailored suits have low-cut revers, so that the close rings of the collar just above the waistlines. Then, this opening leaves room for the whitest and daintiest of French blouses, the latter being the touch without which the suit remains as nothing worthy of notice.

As for materials in the tailored suits, well, there are twills and serges that forever will be eminently satisfactory in this connection, and there are some soft, fine duvetyns and wool velours.

Suits with more or less of trimming come to us from the French designers, and, with a certain type of woman, are generally appreciated and worn in this country. Most of these, when worn, are made with the longer waists and with slightly bloused effects at the waistlines. Then the embroidery is used for a wide or a narrow band around the bottom of the peplum, for the cuffs, for the collar and sometimes for a band to run along the line where the closing of the coat is effected. One of these from Paris was made in that darkest of brown shades which is the thing for rushing this season. It was then trimmed with masses of silk embroidery in a slightly lighter shade of the same color, and the trimming was concentrated over the tops of the triangular pieces being grouped of smaller triangular figures. This was all the trimming there was about the suit, for the cuffs of the rather loose sleeves were left plain, as was the collar, which was buttoned tightly around the throat.

The Russian influence pushes its way into the suit category more successfully than it manages to do in other types of clothing, and the waistline blouse, the thick girdle, the straight bands of fur and the brilliant colors lend themselves to the designing of the suit with admirable facility.

### Peacock Green Duvetyn.

A Russian blouse suit was made of peacock green duvetyn with a very thick and heavy surface. The bloused section of the coat was long enough to completely cover the hips, and underneath that was a straight sort of peplum of the width of only about five or six inches. There was a twisted girdle of heavy silk threads with the longest imaginable tassels ending it. And there were collars and wide cuffs of krimmer in a very dark gray shade. Another suit of this same character and general line of cut in a deep rust shade had for trimming an arrangement of heavy, loose knots of dark gray wool that were massed together quite evenly and they took on a simplrising look of krimmer or some other lamb's wool fur.

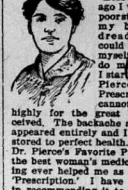
Fur, indeed, is used for trimming many of the winter suits, but the fact of the matter is that in most cases it is very sparingly used. There are straight, choker collars and the smallest of cuffs, and only seldom is there a band of fur seen around the bottom of the peplum. And the furs are mostly of the short-haired variety, for the rule seems to be that, when one wants fox or sable, then the animal itself must be brought into the limelight and fetished as the piece de resistance of the street costume.

DOUGLAS'
EGYPTIAN
LINIMENT

THE FARMER'S FRIEND
Relieves caked bag, garget, spider or infection of the teat, also thrush in horses' feet, fistula, etc. Stops bleeding at once. Removes proud flesh, soreness and swelling.
At all Dealers and Druggists.
Manufactured only by
DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, Ont.

**Perk Up and Smile**

**Blues and Backache Vanish**



Toronto, Ont.— "Less than a year ago I was in a very poor state of health, my back ached dreadfully and I would hardly make myself around to do my housework. I read about Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and I cannot praise it too highly for the benefit I received. The backache and pains disappeared entirely and I soon was restored to perfect health. I know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best woman's medicine, for taking over helped me as much as this 'Prescription.' I have no hesitancy in recommending it to other women who suffer as I did."—Mrs. Mathew Whillans, 13 Brookfield St.

**Reap the Reward of Perfect Health**

Orillia, Ont.—"I had a bad case of woman's trouble, suffered from backache, nervousness, and disordered digestion. I had great pain all the time, sometimes I would faint at my work. I had one physician after another but they did me no good. I then took nine bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it fixed me up all right, I look much better and feel fine. I will recommend the 'Prescription' to all suffering women."—Mrs. Maybelle B. Gratrix, Box 940.

Health is most important to every woman. You cannot afford to neglect it when your neighborhood druggist can supply you with Favorite Prescription in tablets or liquid. This Prescription is made in Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont. Send 10c there if you wish a trial pkg.

**WOOLEN BRAID USED AS TRIM**

**Black and white braid is effectively used to trim this otherwise severely simple frock.**

## PROPER CARE FOR YOUR HATS

**Velvet Headgear Needs Especial Attention—Each Hat Should Have Box of Its Own.**

It is not only the wear that a hat receives that makes it lose its freshness and shape. It is the way the hat is treated when it is not in use that has a good deal to do with this.

Velvet hats are so much in evidence this season that the chances are you have one or will have before many weeks. These need particular care, and will repay you the care you give them. The old-fashioned way was to have a piece of heavy velvet lining crepe with which to rub off the dust from velvet, but a velvet brush is easier to handle. A heavy, coarse brush should never be used on velvet. The best time to brush these velvets is after you have worn the hat, unless it is damp or spotted with rain. Then you should not use a brush until it has been thoroughly dried.

Velvet hats are so fashionable as to give your hats the right place to repose when not in use, unless you are content to get along with but one or two hats a season. Ideally, each hat should have a box of its own, and very good ordinary hats should be boxed when not in use. Hats that have trimming of the down-drooping variety should be laid flat in a box but should rest on a little bit of tissue paper. As a matter of fact, that will raise the brim somewhat from the bottom of the box.

A piece of china silk—an old silk handkerchief is good—is useful in caring for your hats. Quills should be carefully wiped off with it and ostrich feathers may be dusted gently. Any trimming with eire finish or jet ornaments may be carefully dusted with this silk cloth.

## MANY SLEEVES TO ONE FROCK

**Generous Supply of Armoverings Will Permit of Change to Suit Almost Any Occasion.**

Imagine traveling about with six pairs of sleeves to one frock. Imagine wearing your sleeve as a shoulder piece for warmth and protection and dropping it in the restaurant or on the car seat table, leaving the arms exposed as they have been for a year. Imagine appearing in an evening gown of cutpaline brocade one night with a Greek bodice clasped on the shoulders with cameos done in brilliants, and appearing the next night in the same frock with Doge's sleeves built of metal net and embroidery, banded with fur and touching the floor.

Well, not the limit to imagination, too much. These things are done. One has a box of sleeves or a tiny trunk of them as one has a hat or a shoe trunk. You may travel with two frocks and a full equipment of sleeves, borrowed from the ages and reeking with history.

It may come about, if the fashion lasts long enough, that women will boast of finding a pair of Twentieth century sleeves in Florence that once belonged to a personage, and another priceless pair which were worn by Catherine of Russia. These will be added to the collection as our new adds pictures and shoe buckles and snuff boxes.

## Broken Lenses or Broken Spectacles

Bring us the pieces of your broken lens or spectacles. We have the best repair service.

Now lenses made to order, or supplied from stock.

**Your eyes can be tested and properly fitted for new glasses by H. E. SMITH, the Optometrist.**

It is well to have an extra pair when accidents happen.

**Call on our Optical Department.**

**F. W. Smith & Bro.**

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.



## Plain Talks - No. 8

DEAR PEOPLE,—

We desire to impress you with our thanks for your kind patronage. It is sure a pleasure to find new customers and still hang on to the old ones. Now, if your boots are well fixed, they are fixed with us; and if they are fixed with us, they are fixed well! So beware of imitators who would ape as practical shoe makers, and come to the old reliable stand where materials and workmanship are always of the same high standard, for with us the price alone is low. (Fair dealing) is our motto, and reductions in price were made by us first.

We lead, others follow.

| Town Price | | Our Price |
|---|---|---|
| $1.45 | Men's Soles | $1.30 |
| .50 | Men's Heels | .40 |
| 1.10 | Ladies' Soles | .90 |
| .35 | Ladies' Heels | .25 |

Skates sharpened on our new machine.
Skate straps 25c.
Hockey laces.
Horsehide oil-tanned Shoepacks, $2.50.
Arch supports to fit, $2.75.
With adjustments, $3.75.


WELCOME, WINTRY WINDS ?

What did you do with your summer's dough ?
It's gone; and you hate to tell.
Soon we'll have both hail and snow.
It sure would make one yell.
But ! we should worry ! let it come,
The wintry winds we'll greet,
For we were shod at the Hospital
And we shall have dry feet.

Hog ! Dog ! nor devil, do we fear,
For our understanding's good ;
Our sox are dry, our feet are glad,
We did as wise fool's should.


For a first-class job on the shortest notice, try the

**Boot & Shoe Hospital**

Opposite Royal Hotel



NEW LOCATION

**F. S. SCOTT'S BARBER SHOP**

Is now located on John Street, and we assure you of courteous attention.

SHOE - SHINE - PARLOR with special accommodation for ladies.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, PIPES, TOBACCOS.

We do Amateur Photographic Work. Films may be left at shop, or F. S. Scott's residence.

**Calluses or Pain There** are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot burns; great and little toe joints enlarge and a grapelike pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as corns, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

**Dr Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances**

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

**Consult Our Foot Specialist**

He is a Graduate Practitioner—a man who knows all about foot troubles and how to make bad feet easy and comfortable. Remember, and advice from him is free.



## The Haines Shoe Houses


**Paint ! Paint !**

Martin-Senour Paints and Varnishes have a reputation for themselves. Prices lower than last year.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Bring your can and get the best Separator Oil, 25c. a quart—at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Horse clippers in various styles at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Parke Davis Blackleg Vaccine, made in the most scientific laboratory of its kind in the world. For sale at WALLACE'S.

Mt. Pleasant Methodist church is having an "At Home" on Monday evening, March 20th, in aid of the Sunday school work. Silver collection at the door.

Mrs. J. Sagar has re-opened her Ladies' Ready-to-Wear store after having it remodelled, and has on hand a complete stock of Ladies' Dresses, Coats, etc. Call and see them.

Dr. Louise Tower, of Belleville, will give a talk on venereal disease in Grace church, Wednesday, 15th of March, at 3 o'clock, under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. A public meeting to which all women are cordially invited.

Mrs. W. J. Wilson, Toronto, a sister of Mr. C. W. Vandervoort, Switzerville, passed away at her home in Toronto on Monday of last week. The late Mrs. Wilson has been an invalid for about a year. Mrs. Wilson was a frequent summer visitor with her brother at Switzezrville.

The death occurred in New York on Friday, of Violet H. Perry, niece of Mrs. J. R. Perry, and a former inmate of her home. Deceased was a nurse and died from tuberculosis, from which she had been ill for some time. The remains were brought to Napanee and the funeral took place on Sunday afternoon from the residence of Mr. F. S. Boyes.

At H. W. KELLY'S you can get fresh dates, dried apples, onions, pure lard 17c. per lb., good cheese 25c. per lb., Roman meal, in packages, 35c.; oranges and grape fruit for marmalade; Kellog's Brand for children and corrective diet; and when you want a treat in coffee get a pound of Kelly's famous blend, ground fresh, at H.W. KELLY'S grocery, Campbell House corner.

Miss Turner, Field Secretary for the Woman's Missionary Auxiliary, will speak at Conway church on the evening of Wednesday, March 15th, at 7.30. Those who heard Miss Turner at Sillsville last autumn will need no urging to be present. All are cordially invited. Miss Turner has a message, and is a most forceful and pleasing speaker. Give her a full house. Admission free.

On Sunday the Rev. R. H. A. Haslam began the Mission in St. Mary Magdalene Church, speaking to very good congregations both morning and evening. Mr. Haslam's addresses were deeply spiritual and made a powerful appeal. The special services are being continued each evening at 7.45, until Thursday inclusive, and Mr. Haslam is also speaking at the short service each morning at 8.30.

The Son of Man is come to seek and to save that which was lost—Luke 19-10 : I will sing unto the Lord because He hath dealt bountifully with me—Ps. 13-6 ; We know that all things work together for good to them that love God—Rom. 8-28 ; Let the words of my mouth and the meditation of my heart, be acceptable in Thy sight, O Lord, my strength and my redeemer—Ps. 19-14 ; Fear not, for I have redeemed thee, I have called thee by thy name ; thou art mine—Isa. 43-1.

He keeps me from all want and ill,
With loving eye He guides me still,
His peace and joy my spirit fill ;
O loving seeker of the lost,
How great for me Thy toil and cost.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Ladies ! with Colorite you can make your last year's straw hat like new ! Sixteen beautiful shades to choose from.—WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

**The Sleeping Sickness.**

The Germans are said to have discovered a cure for sleeping sickness. The drug, which is potent within a month, is unknown to scientists elsewhere.

**Obtuseness.**

"What sort of a billiard player is he?"

"Well, he's the kind that boasts that he never took a lesson in his life, and his game shows it."

**An Inch of Rain.**

When the weather records show that an inch of rain has fallen in any part of the country, the downfall is usually regarded as a "slight shower." But insignificant as it seems, if spread over a large area the inch of rain assumes sensational, even staggering, proportions.

If, for example, a downfall of an inch were recorded over the whole of any ordinary Canadian province, it means that rain has fallen to a weight of 7,692,153,600 tons — a weight far beyond the powers of the unaided mind to conceive.

Suppose it were possible to collect all the water in this widespread downfall, with the object of transporting it to a central reservoir for storage against a dry season, we should have to requisition every locomotive throughout the earth; and each engine, drawing a load of a third of a thousand tons, would have to make 200 journeys.

It would provide a freight of 44,640 tons for every locomotive in the country, or five trainloads a day for each working day in a year; while it would take all the horses in the country twelve months to transport it, assuming that each horse made ten journeys daily, hauling a ton of water each journey.

So colossal is the weight of our "inch of rain" that it would allow of a distribution of nearly five tons to every man, woman, and child living on the earth to-day, or approximately three gallons for every day of the year. If distributed among the people of the Dominion, each person would have sufficient water to fill a tank 150 feet long and 27 feet wide to a depth of five feet.


Tanlac can bring health to you as it has to thousands of others. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.


## PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mrs. Dan McCarten is visiting her daughter in Toronto.

Miss Francis Dwyer spent the week-end with her brother and sister at Oshawa.

Mrs. L. H. Bennett, Memphis, Man., is the guest of Mrs. J. G. Daly.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Sills are spending a few days in Toronto.

Mrs. F. Jas. Roblin is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ross Sills, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. C. I. Maybee spent a few days last week in Ottawa.

Mrs. W. H. Milsap and children spent the week-end with friends in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Alpine Woods attended the Norton-Loehlin wedding at Melville last week.

Mr. C. W .Vandervoort was in Toronto last week attending the funeral of his sister, the late Mrs. W. J. Wilson.

Mr. Mearl Denison, Selby, spent last week in Toronto with his brother.

Rev. P. A. Scott is conducting special services on Cressy circuit.

Mr. Peter Weese has returned from spending the winter in Hollywood, Cal.

Miss Alma Wood, Selby, is visiting friends at Oshawa and Brantford.

Mrs. Coupal and baby, Sedley, Sask., spent the week-end the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davy.

Mr. A. S. Raymond has returned after spending the week-end at his home in Toronto.

Mrs. T. A. Logan and son Stewart have returned to Toronto after spending the past month with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Paul.

Miss Isabelle Magar, Montreal, spent the week-end the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davy.

A cable has been received announcing the safe arrival in England of Messrs. W. S. Herrington, Dr. Vrooman and T. B. Wallace.

Mrs. Dr. Cartwright, Kingston, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Henry.

Mrs. J. H. S. Derry spent a few days last week visiting her sister in Kingston.

Miss Wood, Orillia, and Miss Noonan, Toronto, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Noonan last week.

Mrs. B. F. Davy entertained on Friday evening last in honor of her guest, Mrs. Coupal.

Mrs. Wellington Brown is spending a few days with her daughter, Mildred, in Toronto.

Mrs. D'Arcy Sneath and Miss Joan Gibbon were in Kingston a few days last week guests of Mrs. Ramsay Duff, Princess street.

Mrs. J. Geale Daly entertained on Wednesday afternoon in honor of the nineteenth birthday of her mother, Mrs. Richards, when all present joined in extending good wishes.

Mrs. Ronald Wallace and little daughter, Elsie, Kingston, are spending the week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bowen and family, Dundas St.

Miss Rubie Bowen who has been spending the past month with friends in Kingston, returned home on Saturday.

Mr. F. E. VanLuven, who has been very ill for the past six weeks, is slowly recovering.

Miss Helen VanLuven is home again after spending a month in Toronto visiting friends and while there was the guest of honor at numerous small, but very enjoyable social events.

Miss Elizabeth VanLuven spent a delightful week-end in Belleville, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. E. Graham, Bridge St.

Miss Elizabeth VanLuven attended the Clara Butt and Kennerly Rumford concert at Grant Hall, Kingston, on Monday evening and while there was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Dunn, Mack St.

### BIRTHS

**Martin**—On Saturday, March 4th, 1922, to Mr. and Mrs. Karl Martin, a son.—still born.

**Sills**—At Toronto, on Friday, March 10th, 1922, to Mr. and Mrs. Ross Sills, (nee Hazel Roblin), a son.

### DEATHS

**Oliver**—At Richmond, on Monday, March 6th, 1922, Allan Oliver, aged 82 years, 6 months.

**Perry**—At New York, on Friday, March 10th, 1922, Violet Perry, aged 24 years, 7 months, 3 days.

**Sherman** — At North Fredericksburgh, on Tuesday, March 7th, 1922, John Sherman, aged 72 years.

**Wilson**—At Toronto, on Monday, March 6th, 1922, Lily Vandervoort, beloved wife of Mr. W. J. Wilson, on her sixty-sixth birthday.


**Painting this Spring.**

Lowe Bros. high standard Paints. Muresco for your walls. Liquid Granite for your floors, at

BOYLE & SON.


**Premier Gounaris Resigns.**

ATHENS, March 13.—The Cabinet of Premier Gounaris has resigned as a result of a vote of want of confidence. The vote was 161 to 156. Premier Gounaris, prior to the vote, explained in the Assembly the outcome of his negotiations during his recent trip to London.

King Constantine has charged Nicholas Stratos, former Minister of Marine, with the formation of a new Cabinet.

**Bacon Trade Slumps.**

OTTAWA, March 13. — According to the Dominion Live Stock Commissioner, Canada's exports of bacon to Great Britain declined from 1,493,000 long hundredweight in 1920 to 844,000 in 1921. Danish exports during the same period increased from 745,000 to 1,849,000 long hundredweight.


# Spring Opening

**Friday, March 17th**
**Saturday, March 18th**
**1922**

# SPRING HAS COME AT ROBINSON'S

**"Our first Formal Presentation of the New Spring and Easter Modes as conceived by Master Milliners, expert Dress Makers, and Skilled Tailors will be held on our Second Floor, on Friday and Saturday (This Week)."**

**We cordially invite all our Patrons and their friends to this exposition, where graceful Mannequins will portray the various modes in a captivating manner.**

## STYLES

From the two great Courts of Fashion, Paris and New York, come styles most adaptable to our Canadian idea of becomingness, simplicity, and service.

In the new 1922 originations, Sports Apparel is given a commanding prominence, thus Fabrics strike a vibrant note in the color symphony of Spring. Tweeds and Homespuns, in heir gorgeous tones of blue, green, tan and mauve are seen at every turn.

The straight line silhouette of former seasons is still as much the vogue as ever, but for variation, fashion creators have introduced the swagger wrap-Coats and the voluminous sleeve, to keep company with the trite, jaunty tailored modes.

In dresses the elastic waist-line produces a Russian blouse effect that is most charming. Basque waists, panel and tunic overskirts, along with colorful combinations, add much to the present assemblage of Spring Styles and Materials.

## MILLINERY

Once again there comes a new mode, born in the all-conquering faith that nothing so charming, so irresistible, has passed this way before. And the Spring headwear that Canadian Milliners have contrived will surely draw words of admiration from the most conservative.

There is now to those weary of dull colors is a millinery rain-bow of copper, rust, pheasant, lip-stick red, green, brown and numerous other high shades. And when black is retained, trimmings glow in high bright tones.

Novelties are aplenty, the new visca or candy cloth being one of the newest, shapes of every description are good, if one prefers a hat of wide brim with picturesque droop, to be fashionable it must be narrow at the back. Trimmings are high and are composed of odd shaped ornaments, flowers and bouquets of ribbons.

But to know all you must come to our Openings.

### COME AND VIEW AT CLOSE RANGE

**The New Modes in 1922 Millinery.**
**The New Styles in Wraps and Coats.**
**What is best in Suits.**
**The lovely New Dresses.**
**The chic Sport Skirts.**

### WHILE AT OUR STORE EXAMINE

**The new colorful Homespuns.**
**The Novelty Suitings..**
**The newest weaves in Silks.**
**The Fashionable Trimmings.**
**The Easter Gloves, Neckwear and Hosiery.**

## Mannequins will Parade

**FRIDAY AFTERNOON FROM 3 TO 5 O'CLOCK.**
**SATURDAY AFTERNOON FROM 2.30 O 4.30 O'CLOCK**
**SATURDAY EVENING FROM 7.30 TO 9 O'CLOCK.**

### FOR THE SCHOOL GIRLS

We have arranged a special fashion parade for our schoolgirl patrons, which is to be held Saturday morning, at ten o'clock sharp.

Three local school girls have been chosen, and these dainty mannequins will display Spring Styles in the various Ready-to-put-on Garments that are of special interest to girls.

**All girls are invited.**

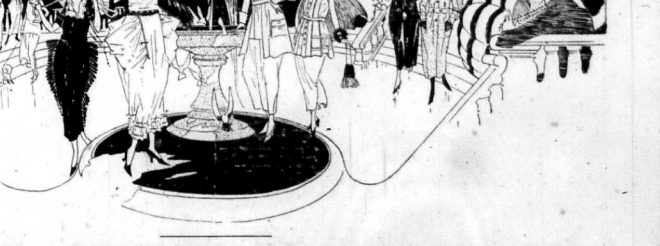
### TO OUR PATRONS

We particularly want every woman in Napanee and vicinity to be present at one revue at least.

We are reserving Saturday afternoon for our country and out-of-town customers.

All merchandise on display is for immediate sale.

Every Department will be in gala attire for the occasion.



**Quality, Service, Value.**

# THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 1[illegible] p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.